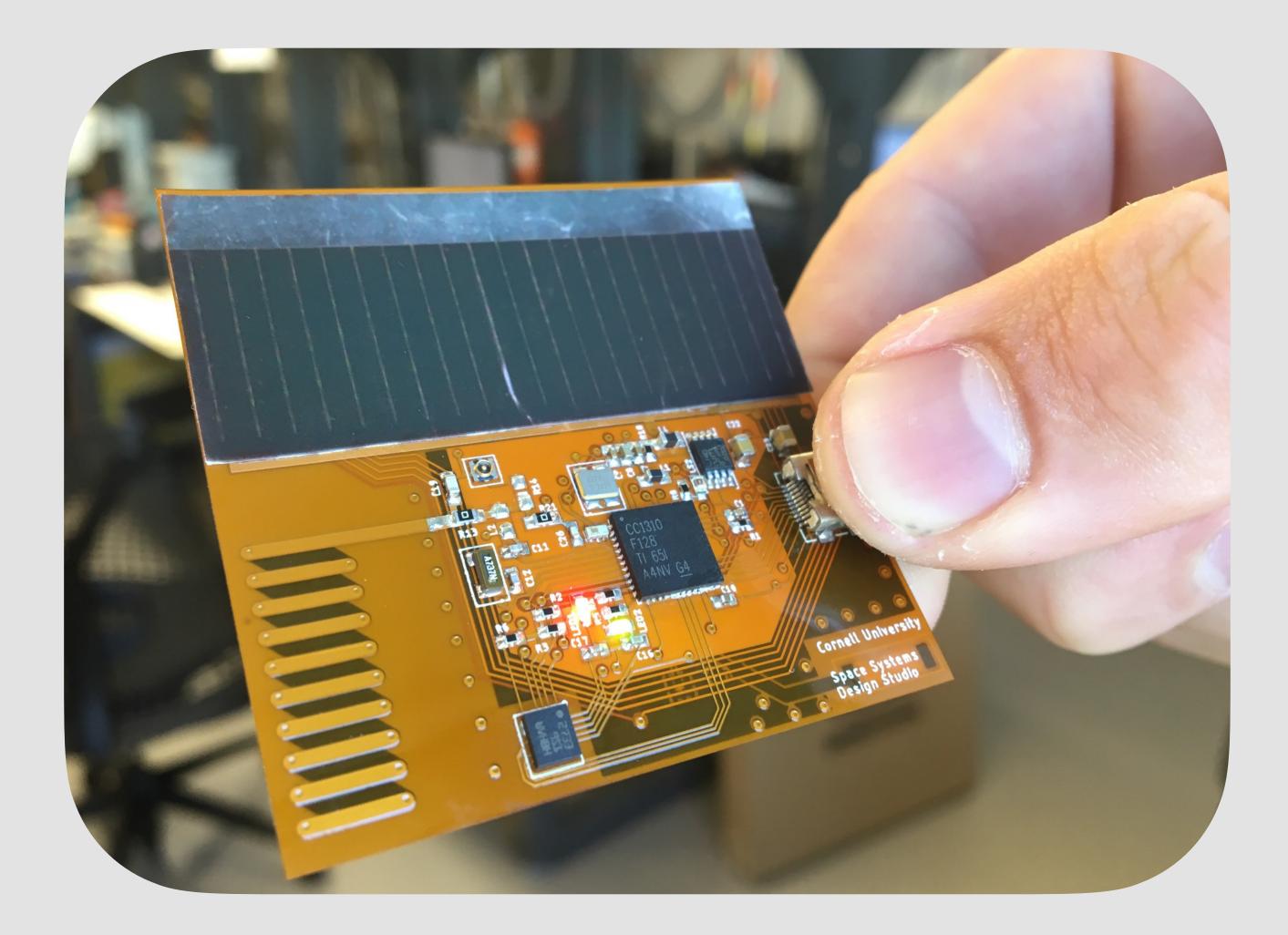
History, State of the Art, and Future of Gram-Scale Spacecraft

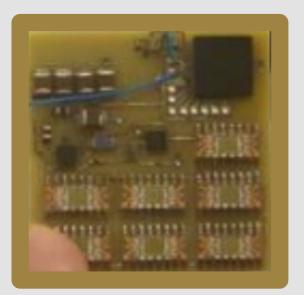


V. Hunter Adams September 29, 2018 Bremen, Germany



1. (Very) brief history of the hardware

- 2. Description of the state of the art
- 3. Short-term mission and technology possibilities
- 4. Intermediate-term mission and technology possibilities
- 5. Long-term speculation

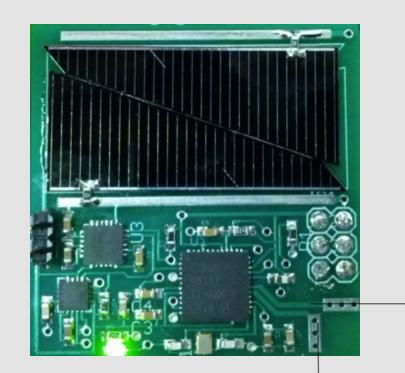


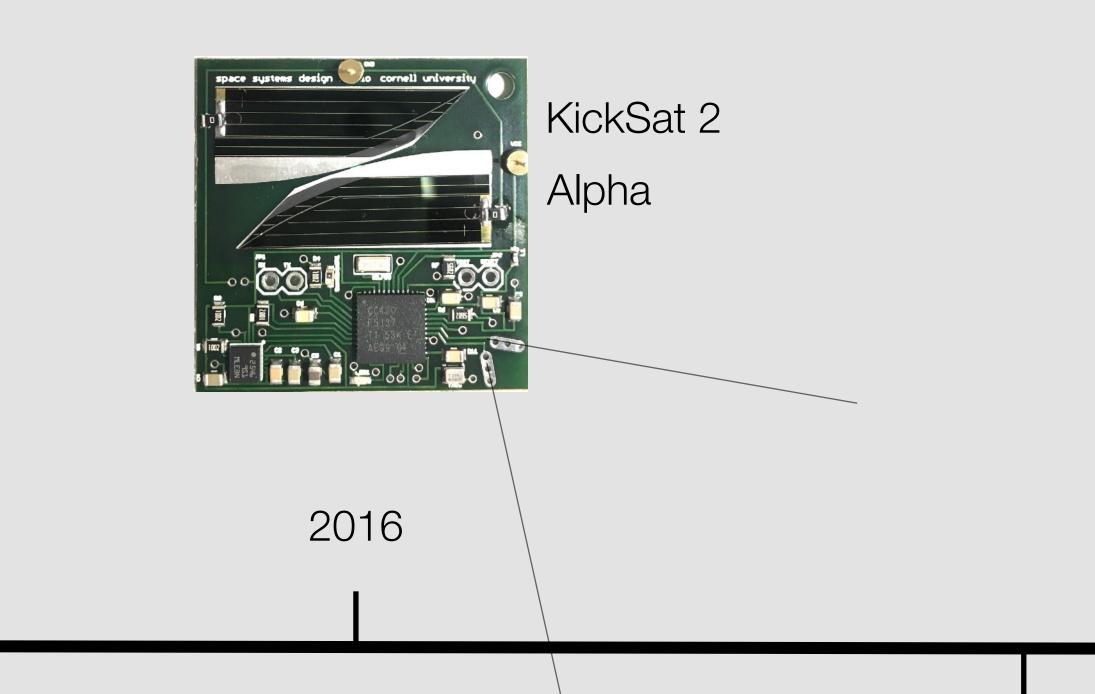
International Space Station Demo

2010

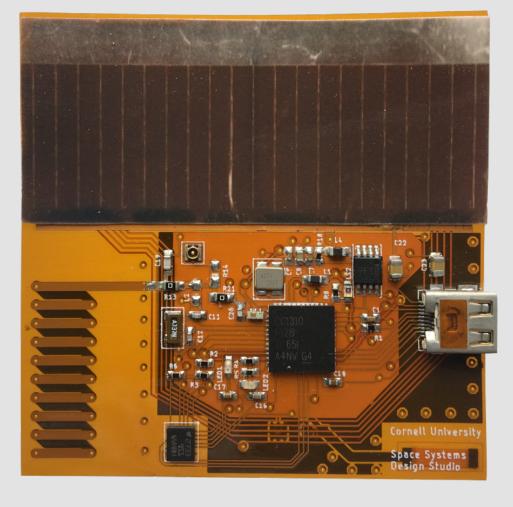
2013

KickSat 1,2 Venta 1



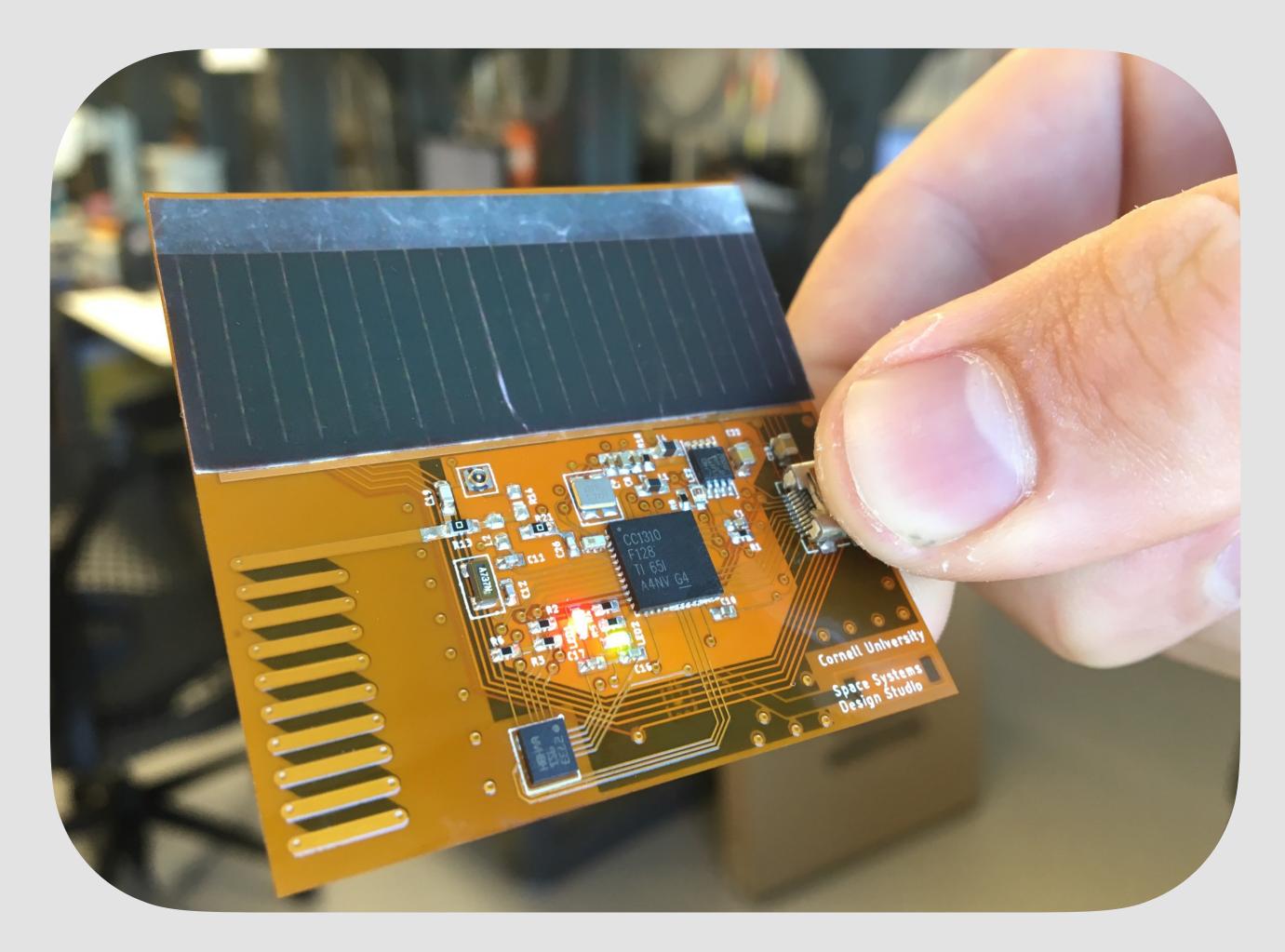


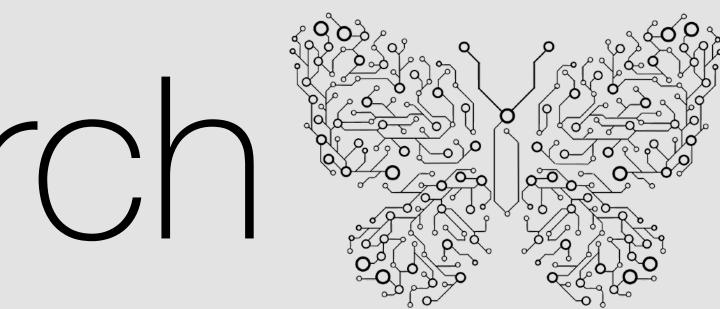
2018

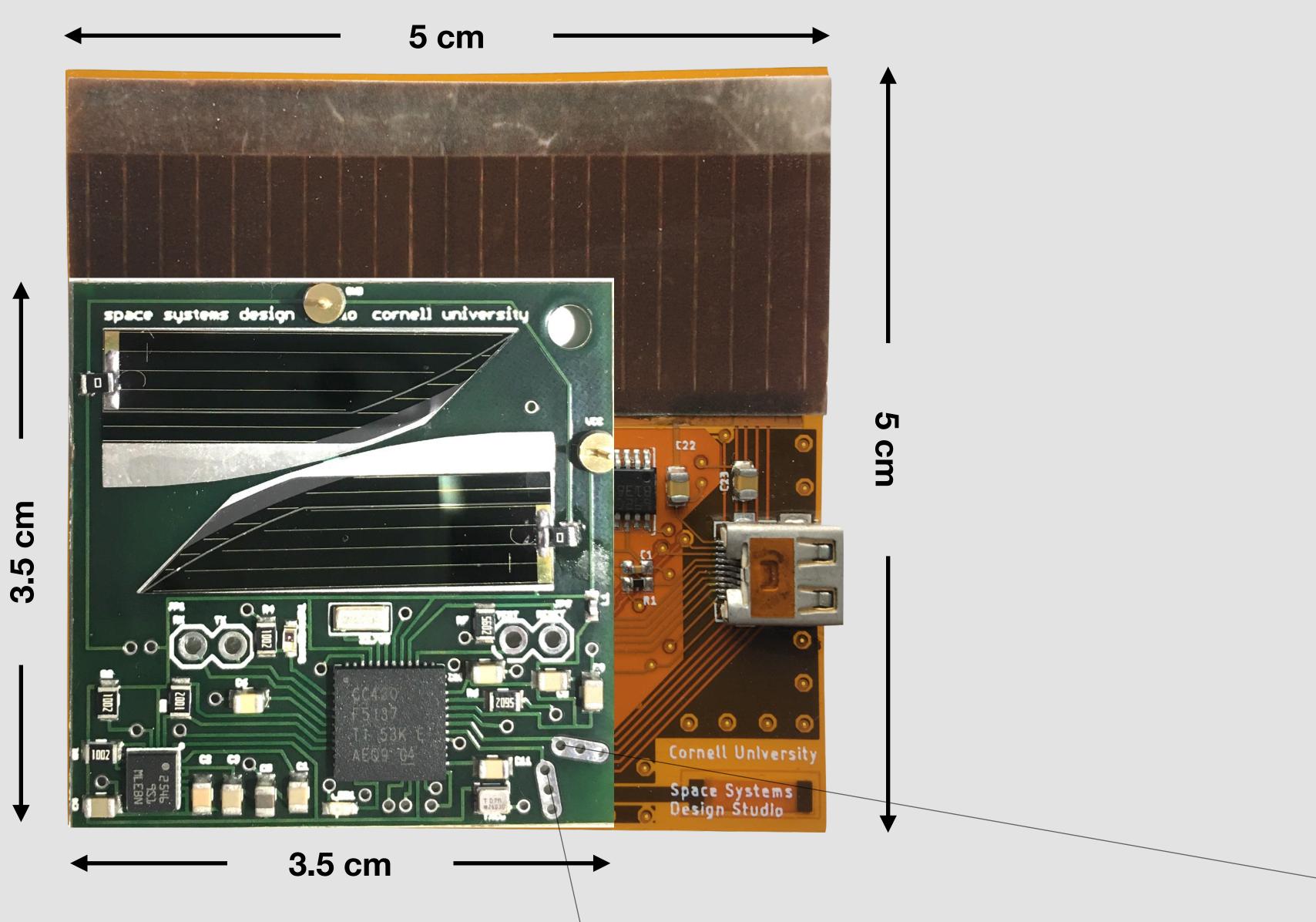


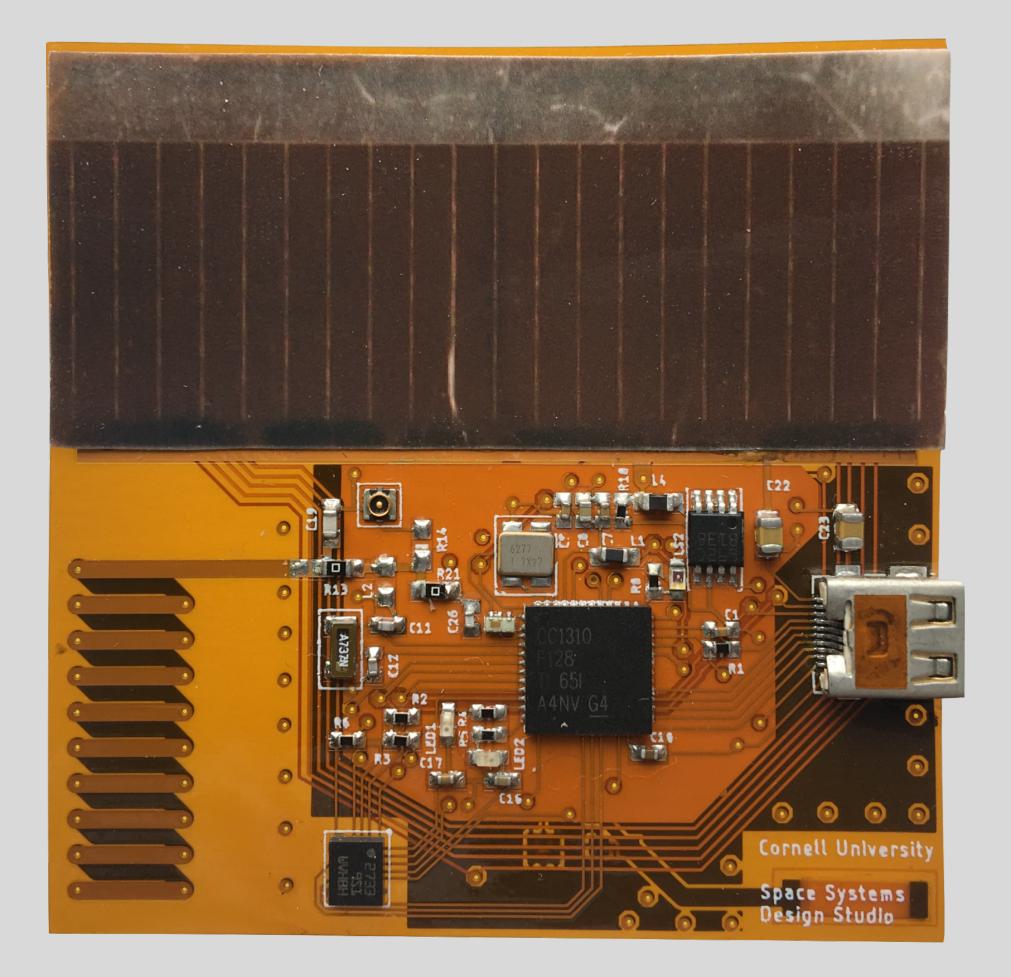
Proposals out

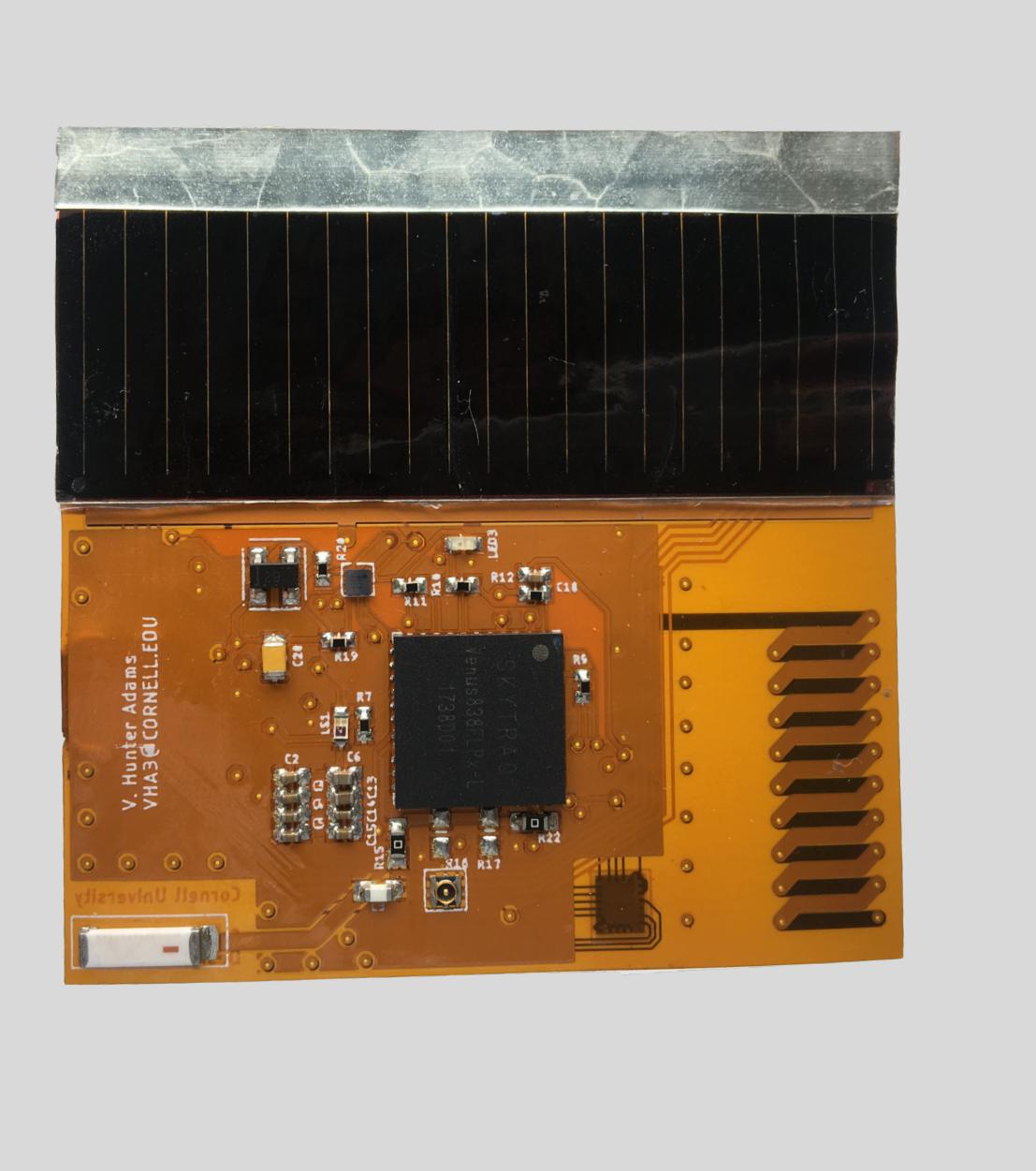
Monarch

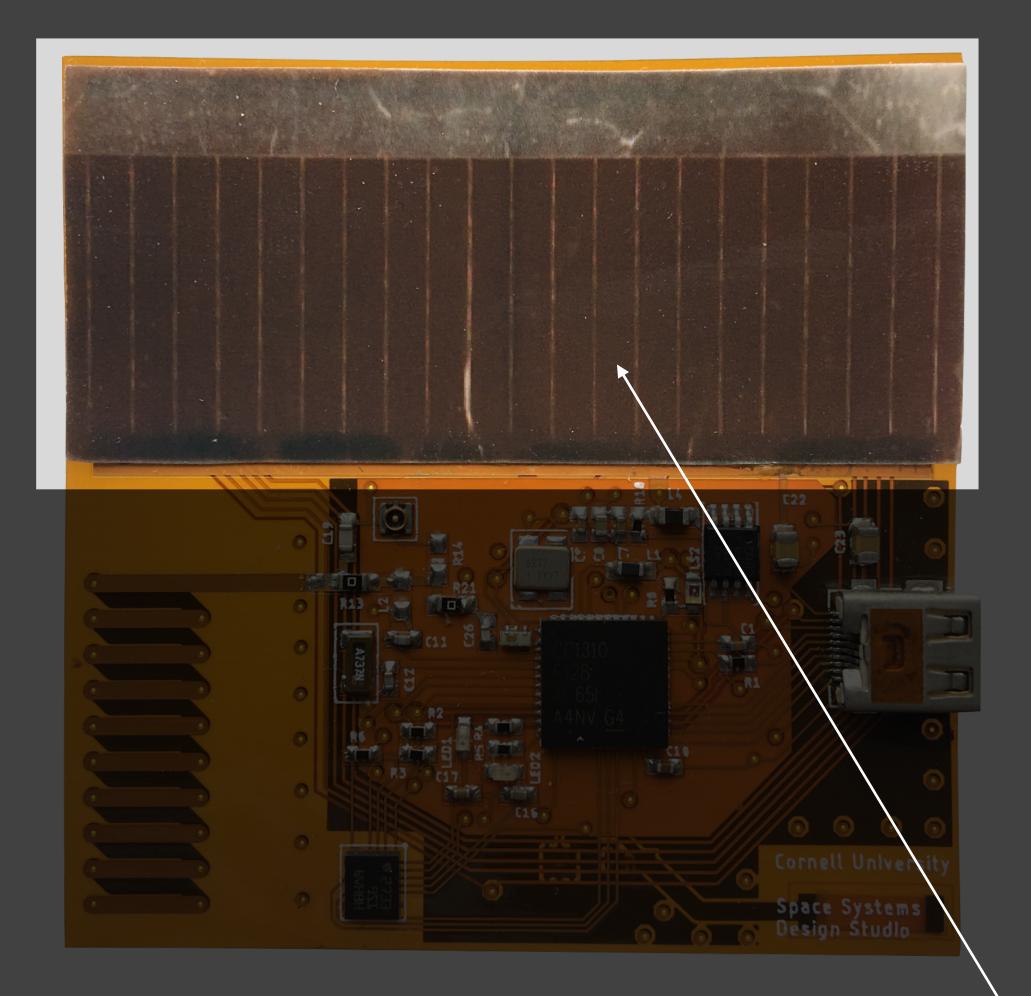




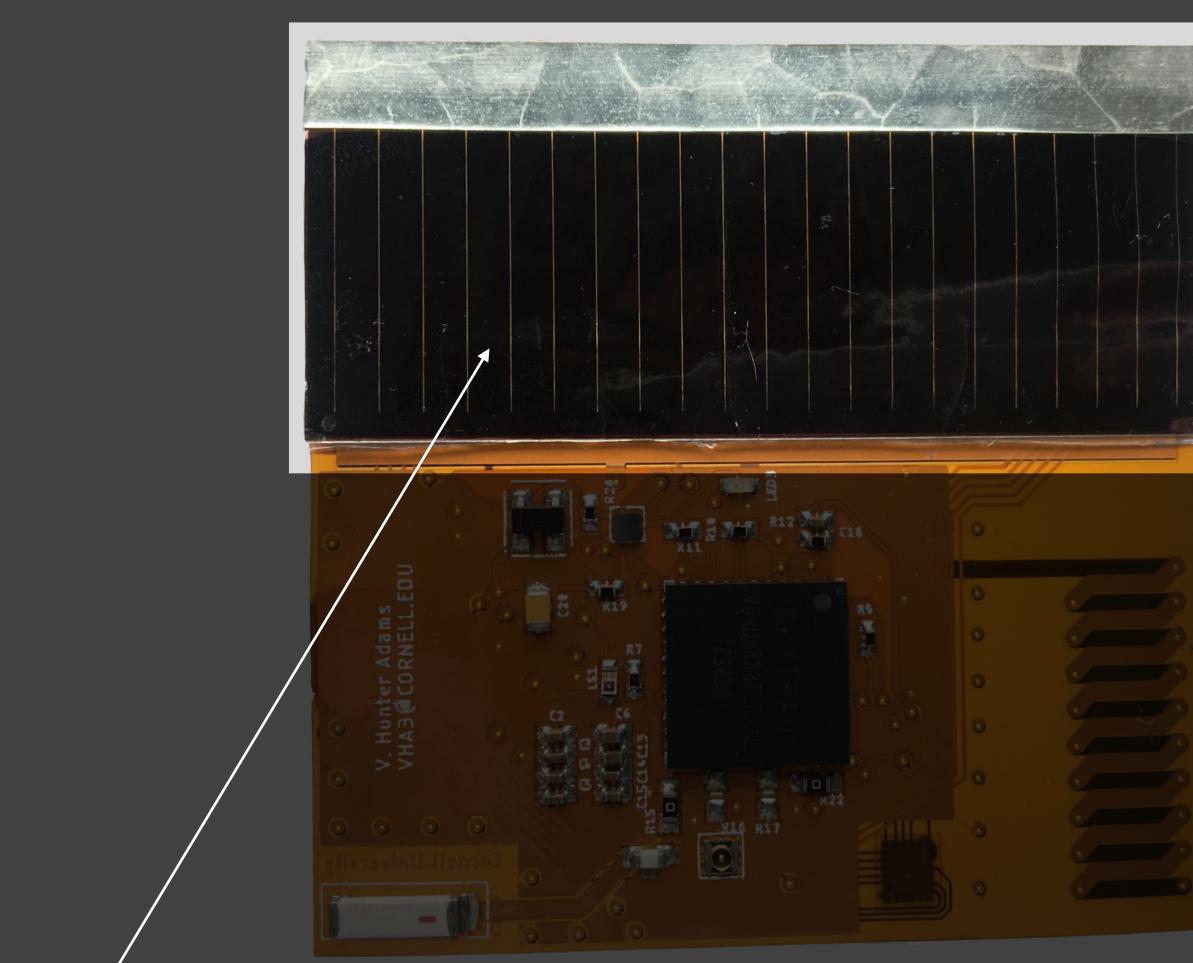




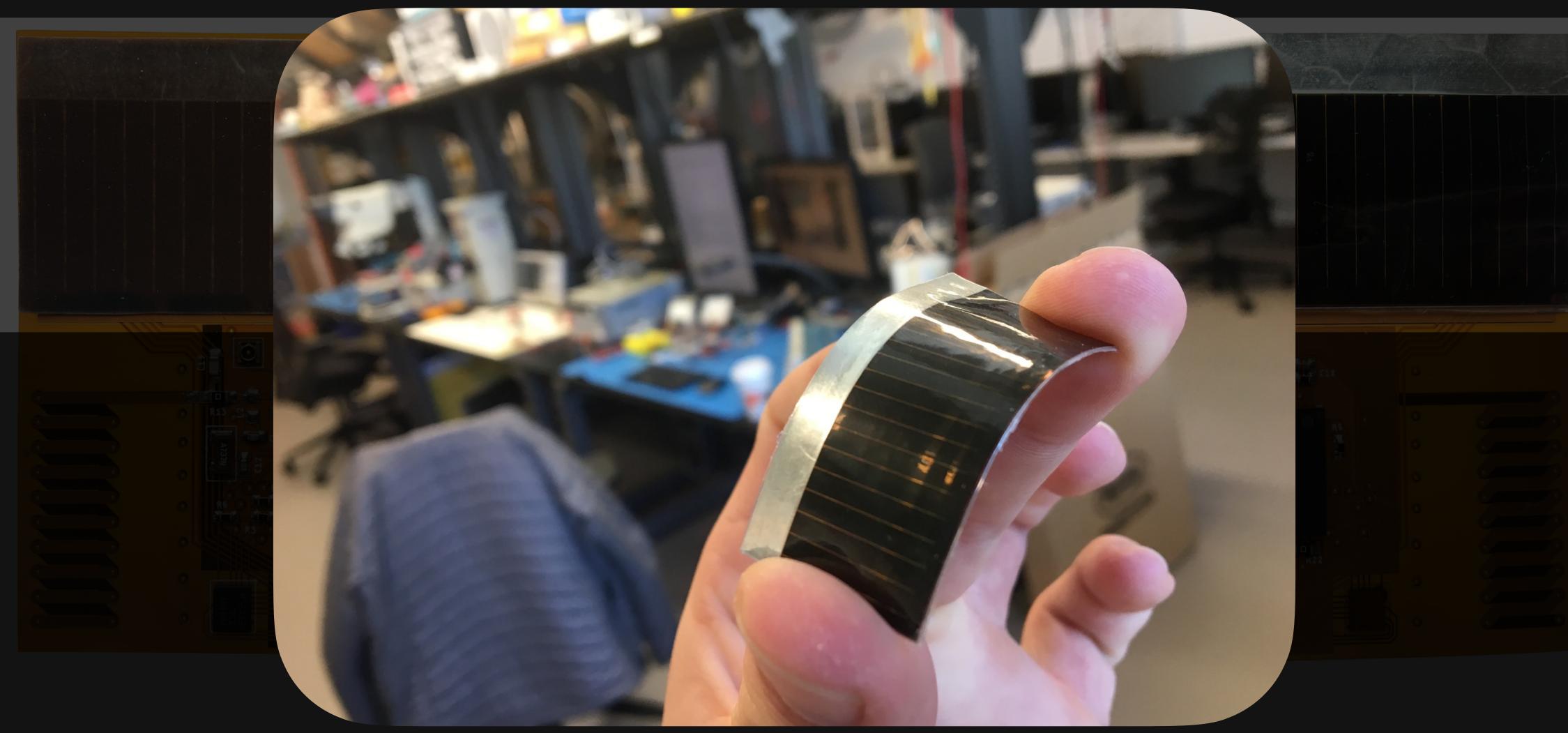




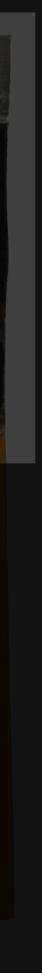
Alta Devices solar cells - 300 mW each

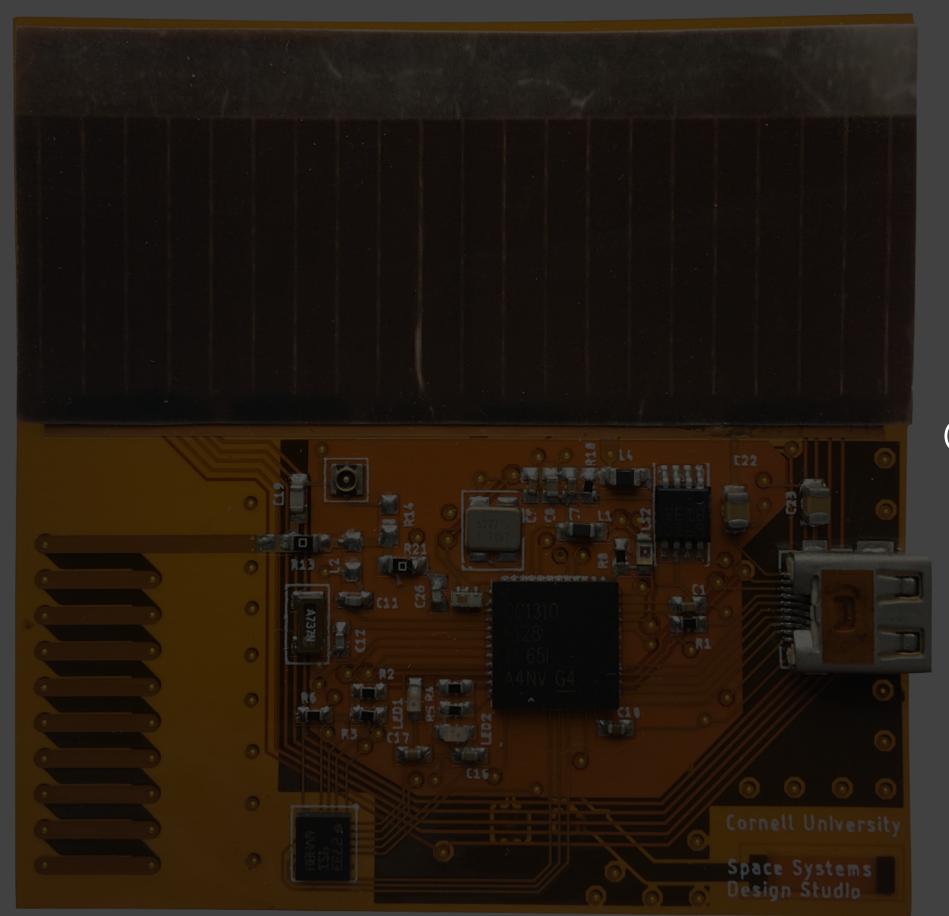






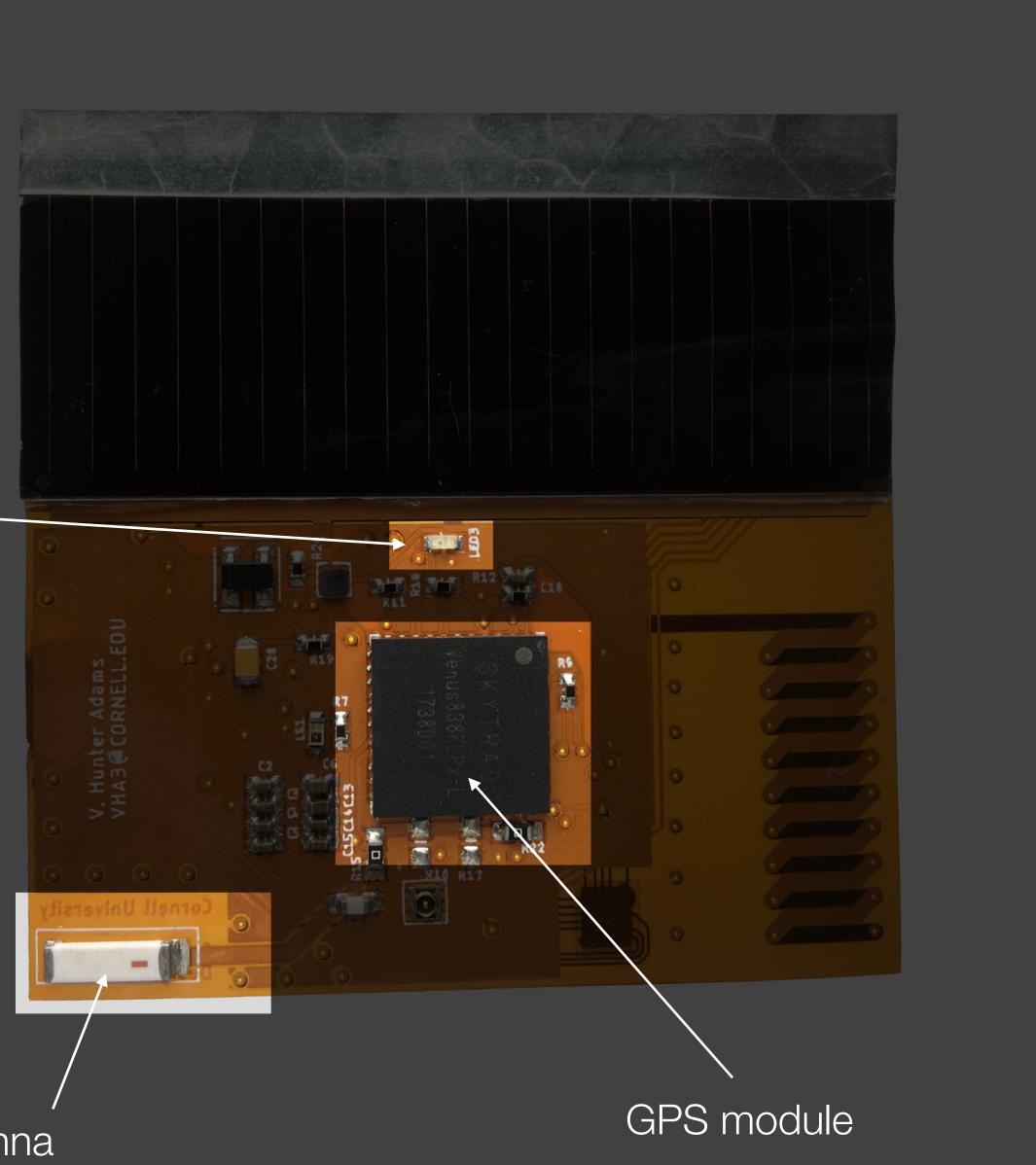
0.1 grams, and flexible



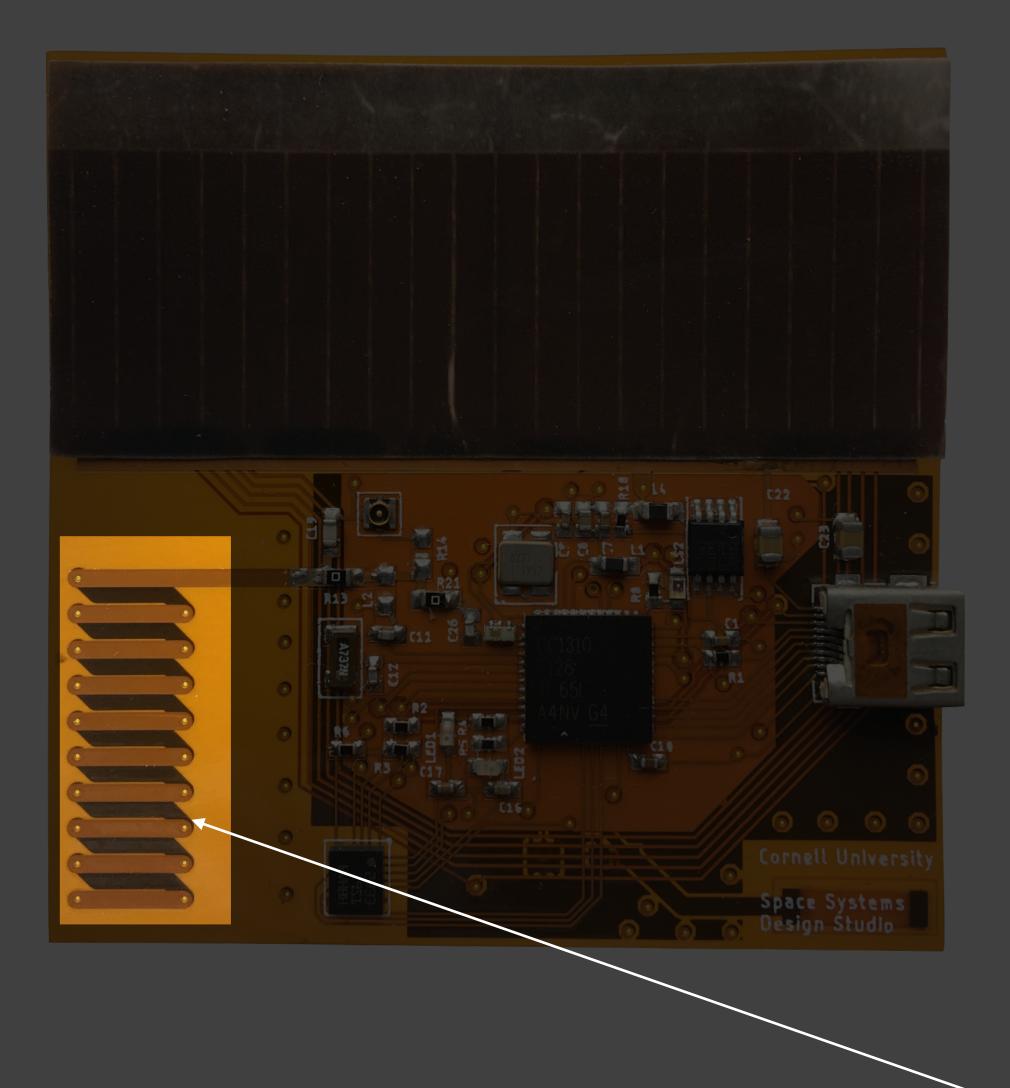


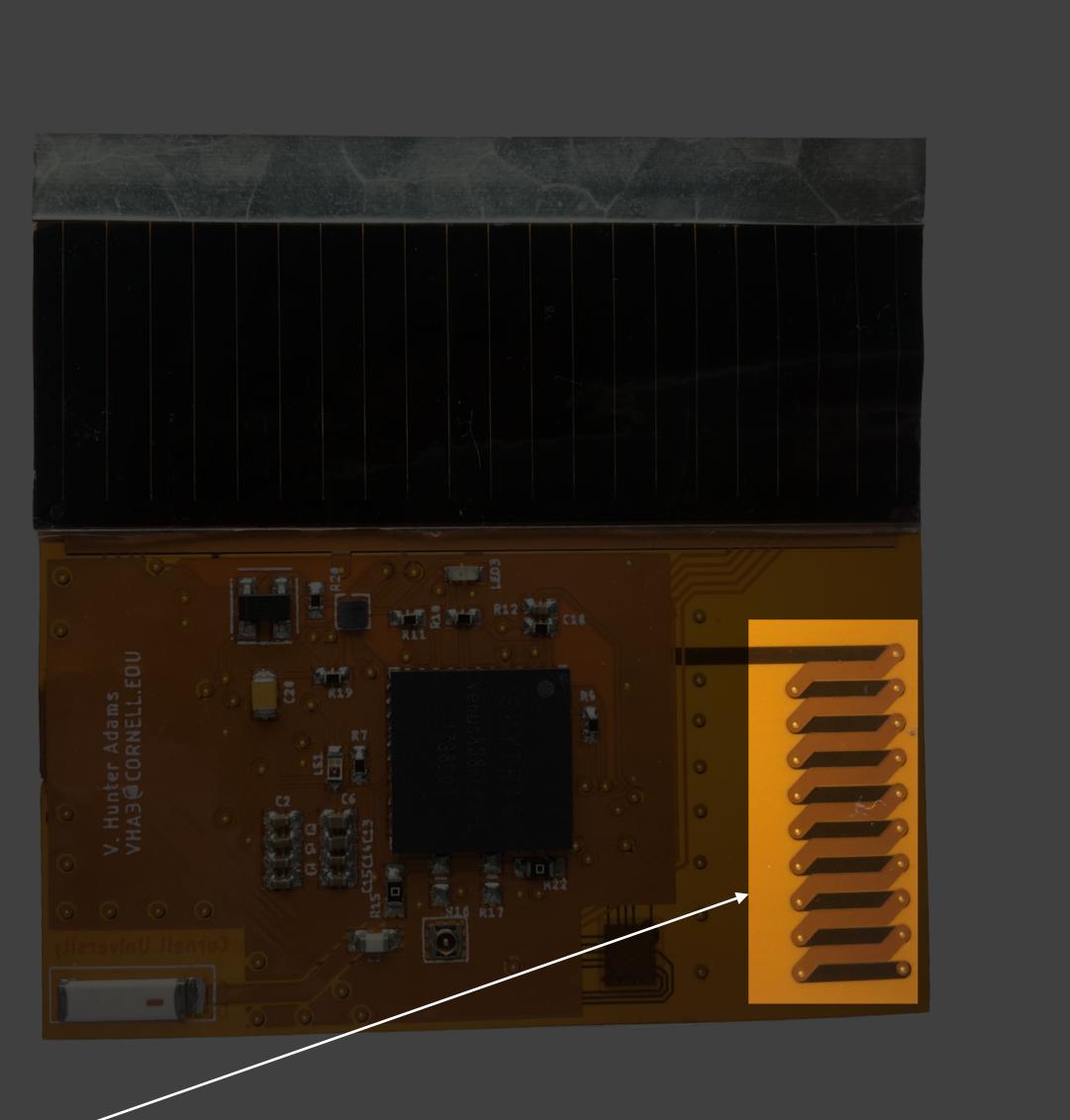
GPS fix indicator -



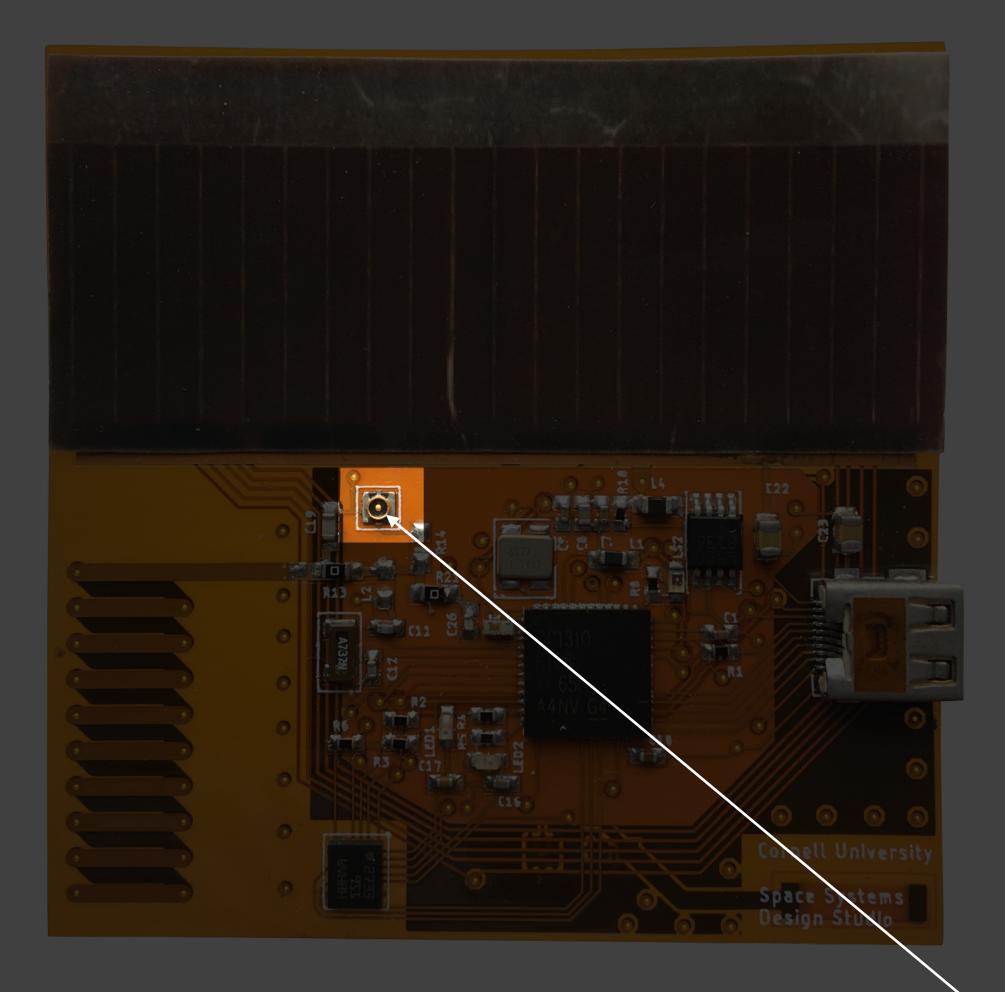


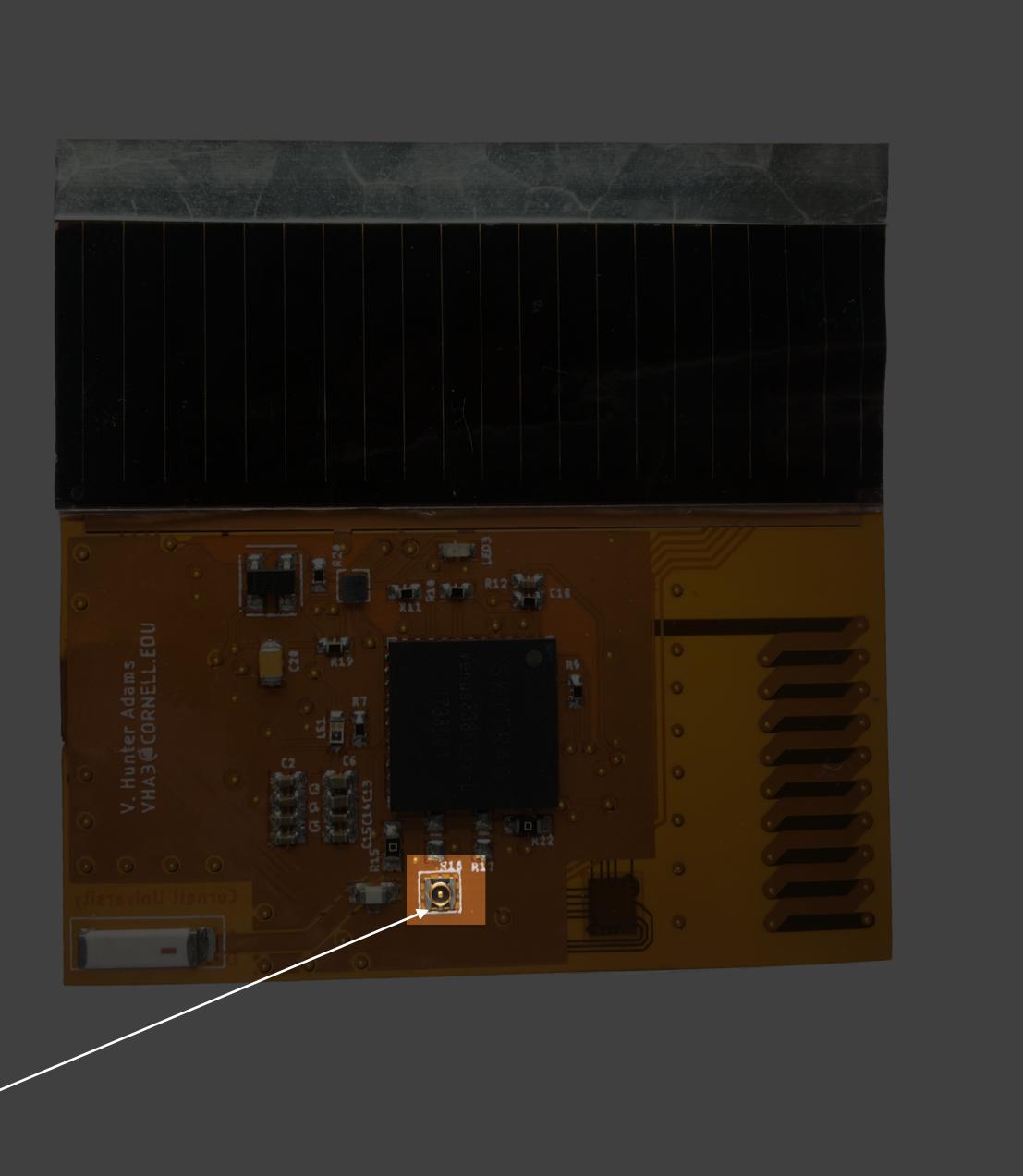
GPS antenna



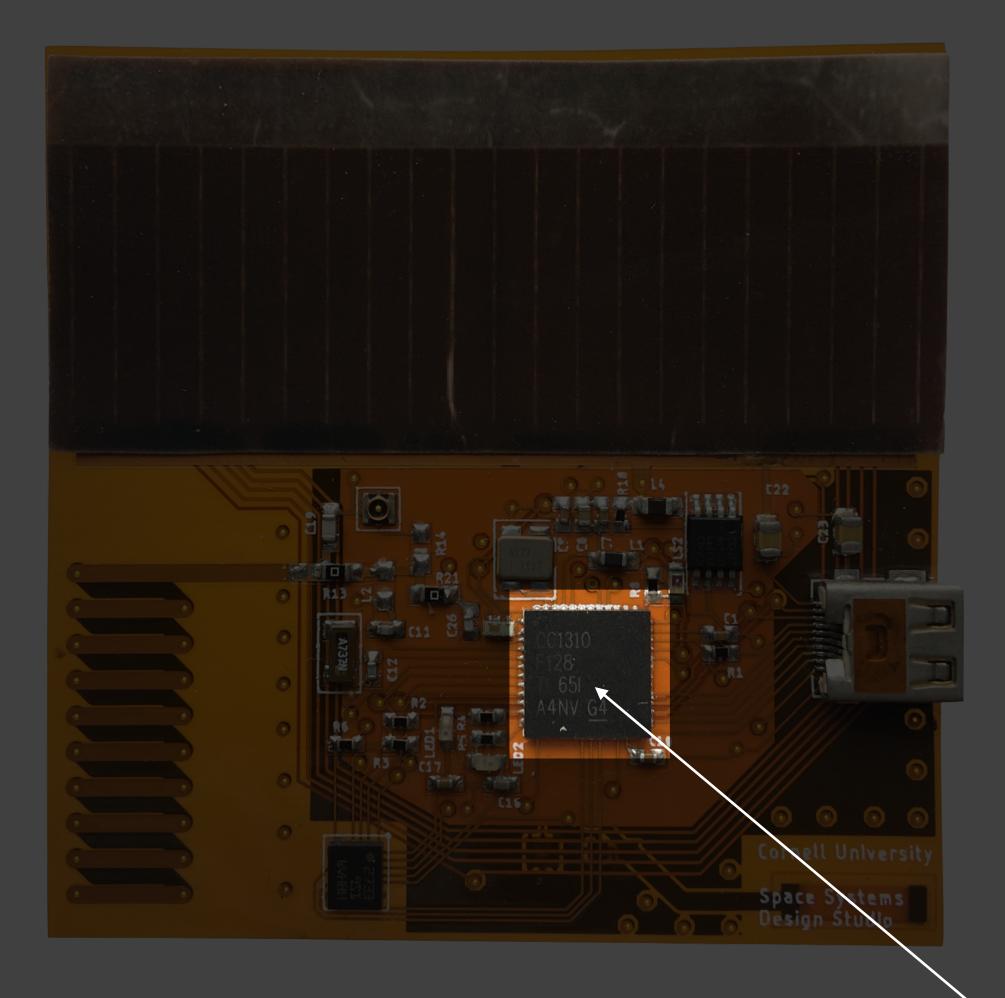




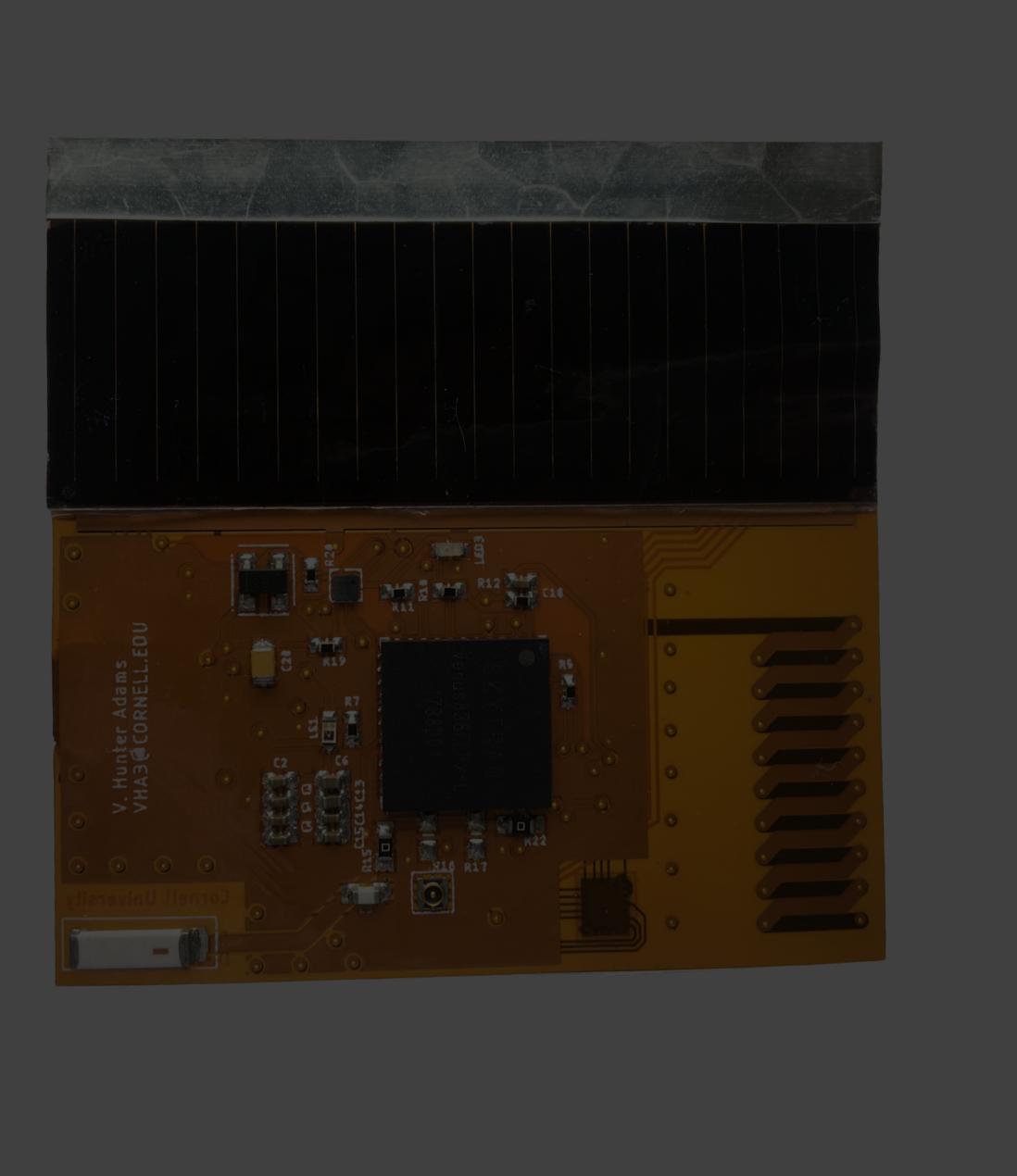


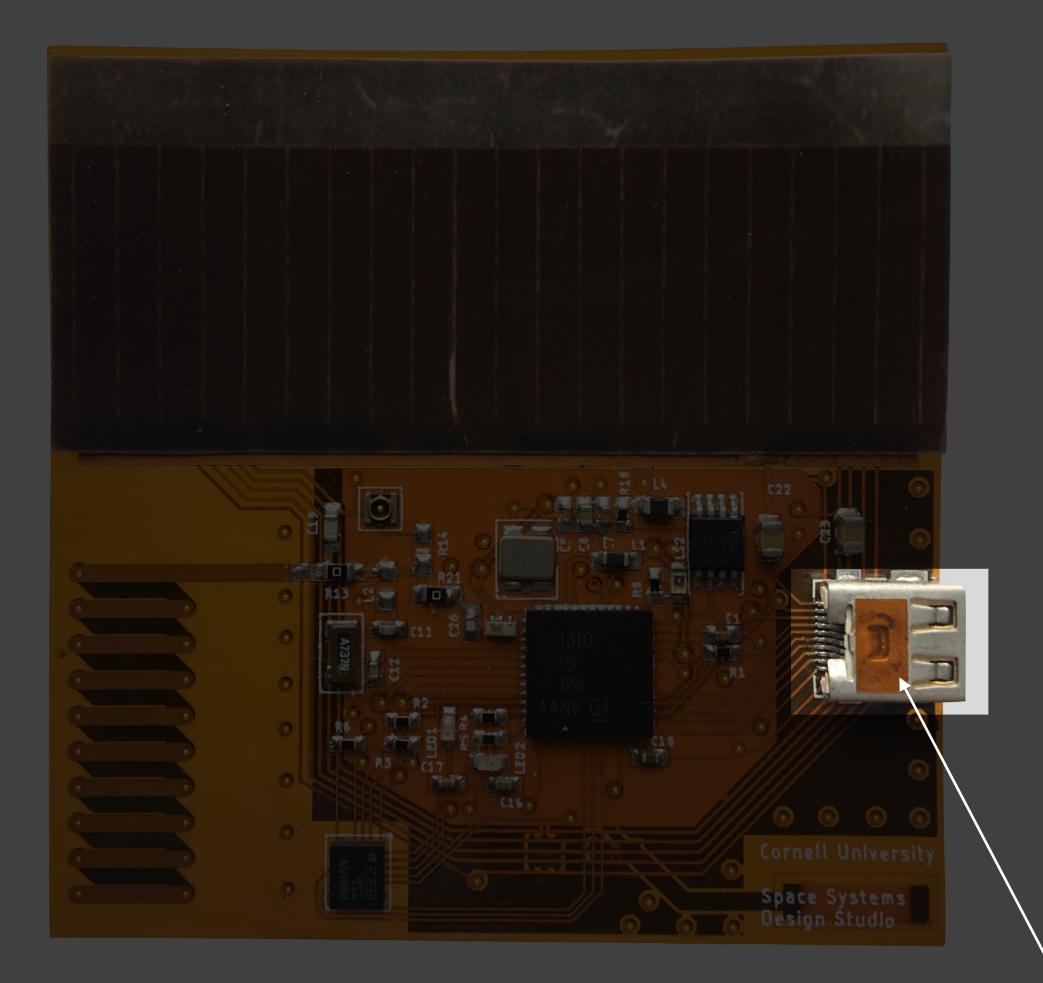


coaxial interfaces to antennas

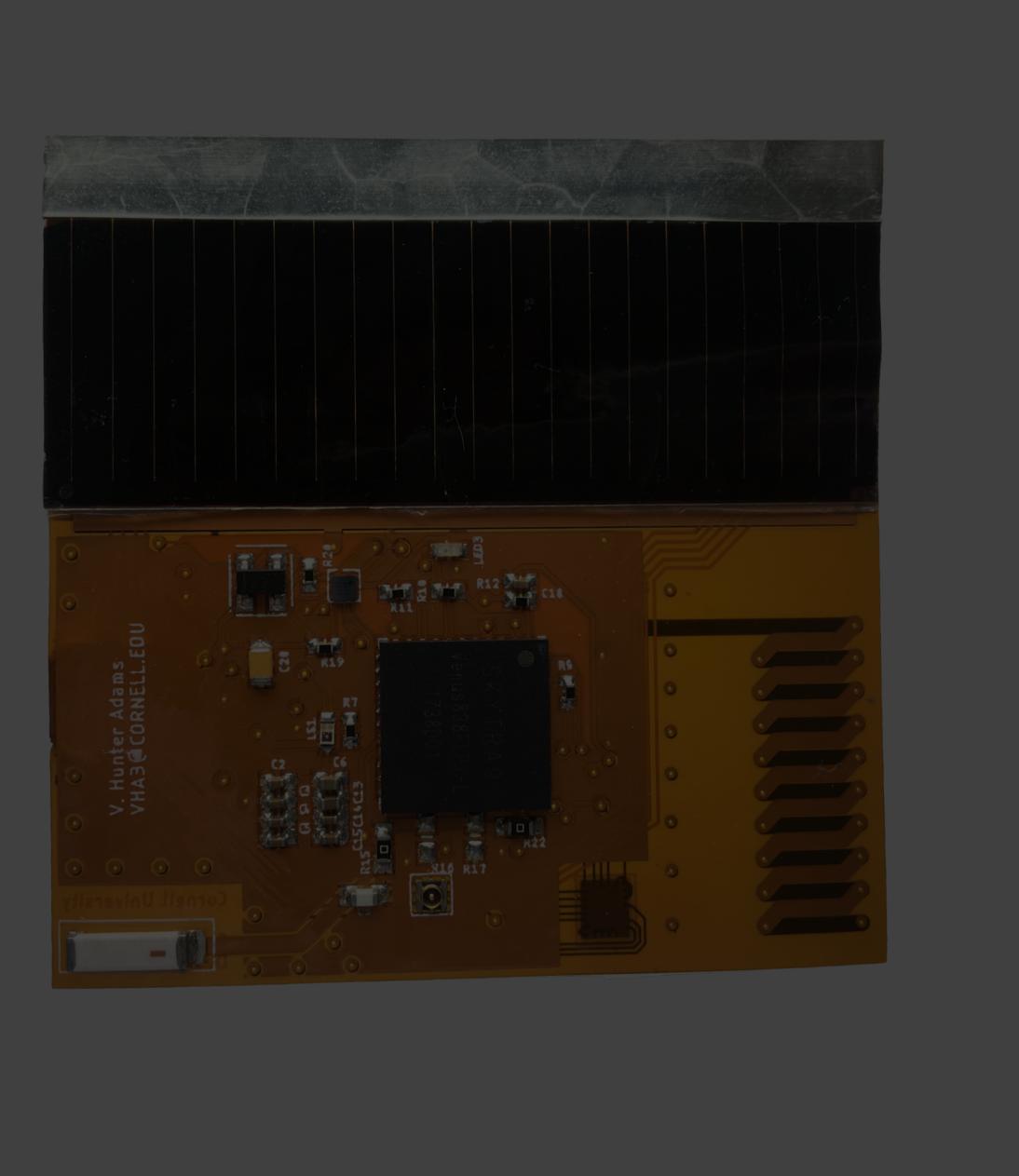


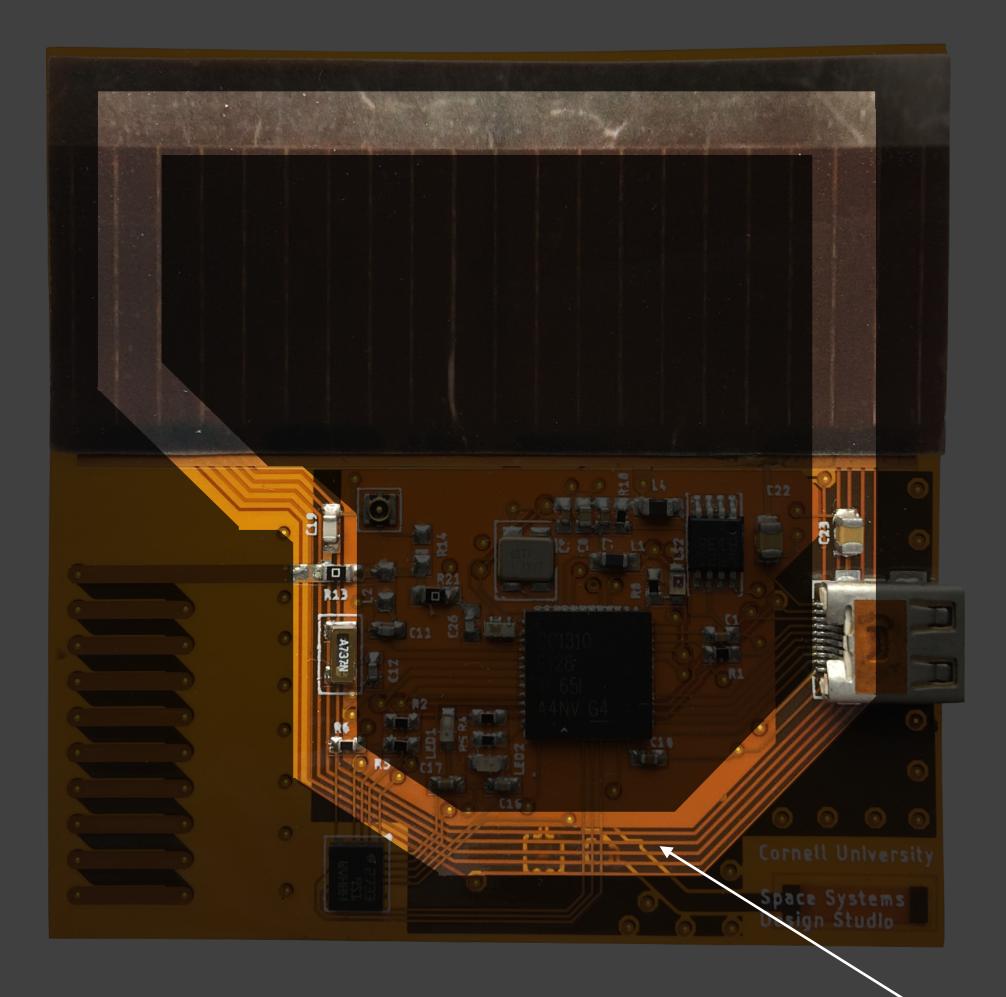
ARM processor and radio, running real-time operating system



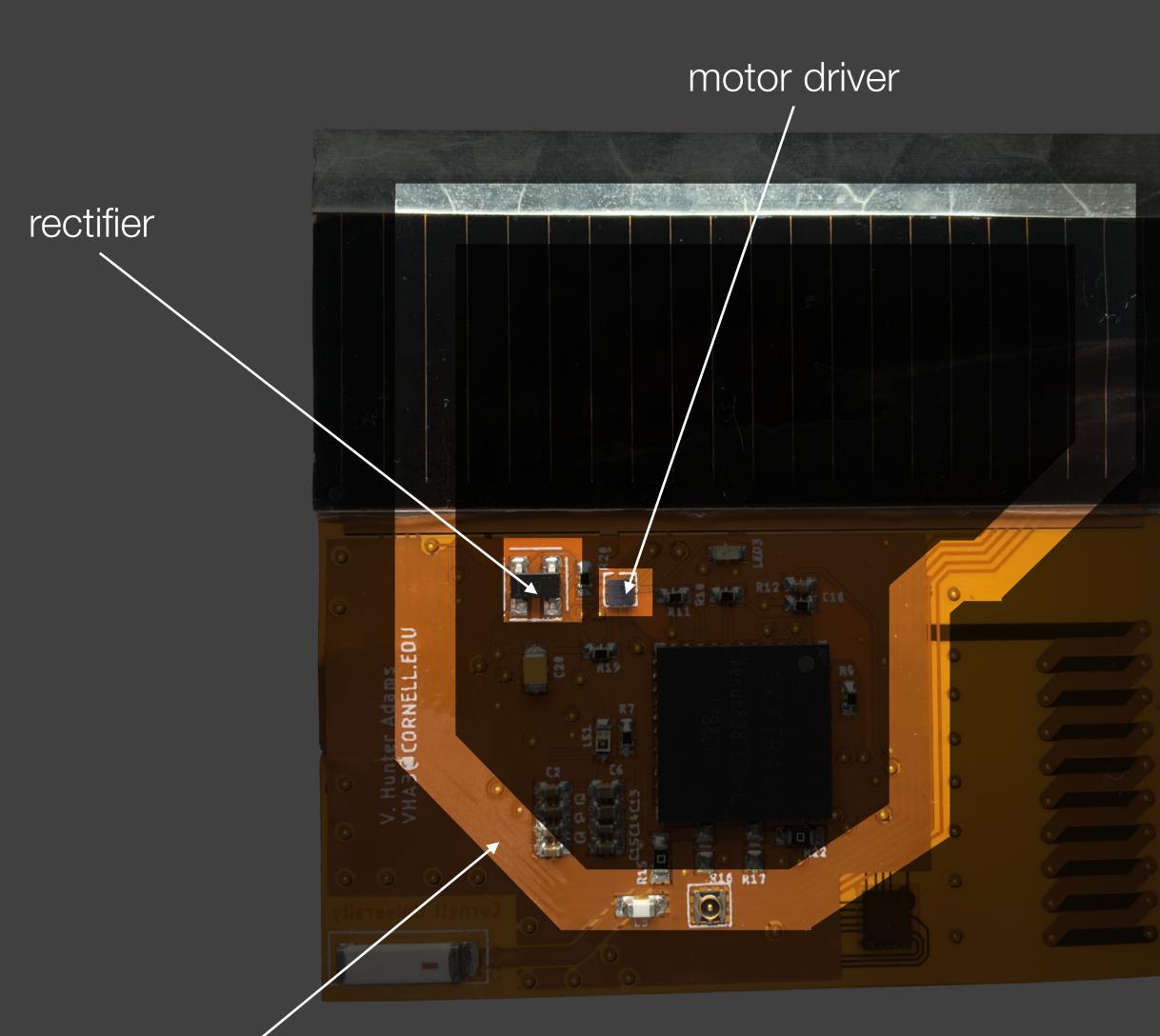


JTAG interface through HDMI port

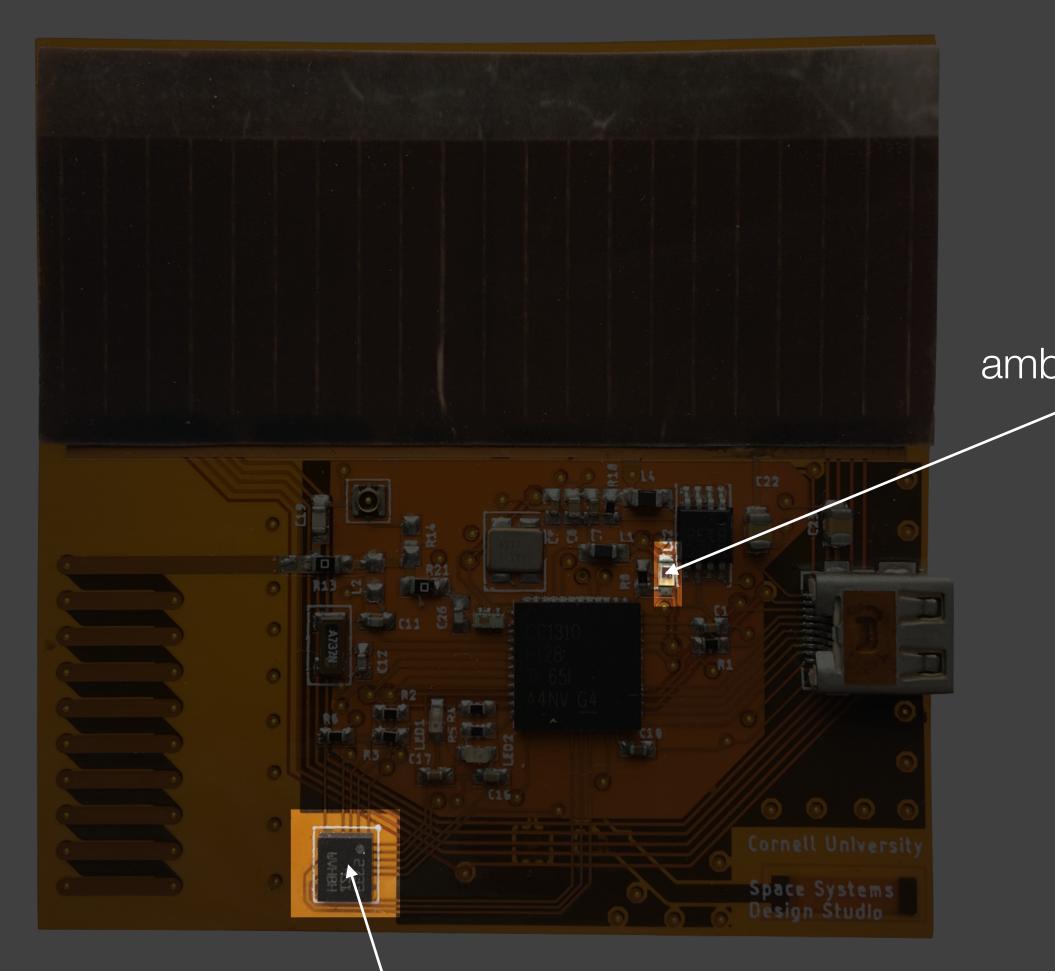




torque/inductive powering coils

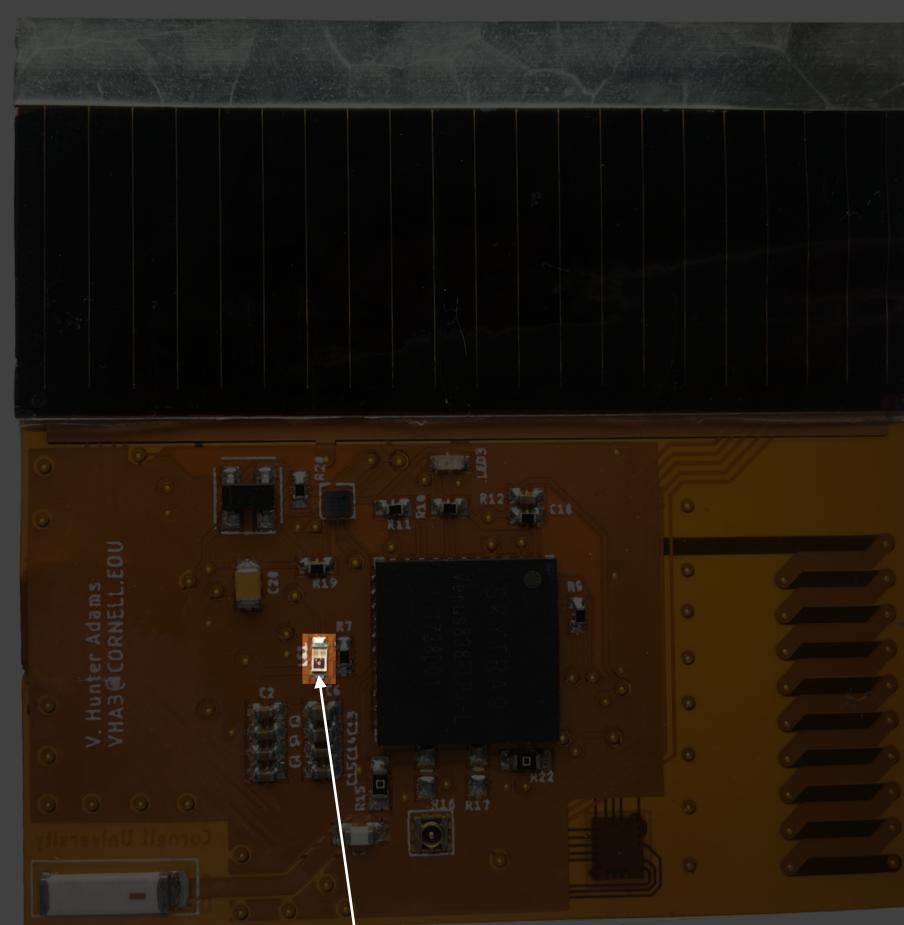






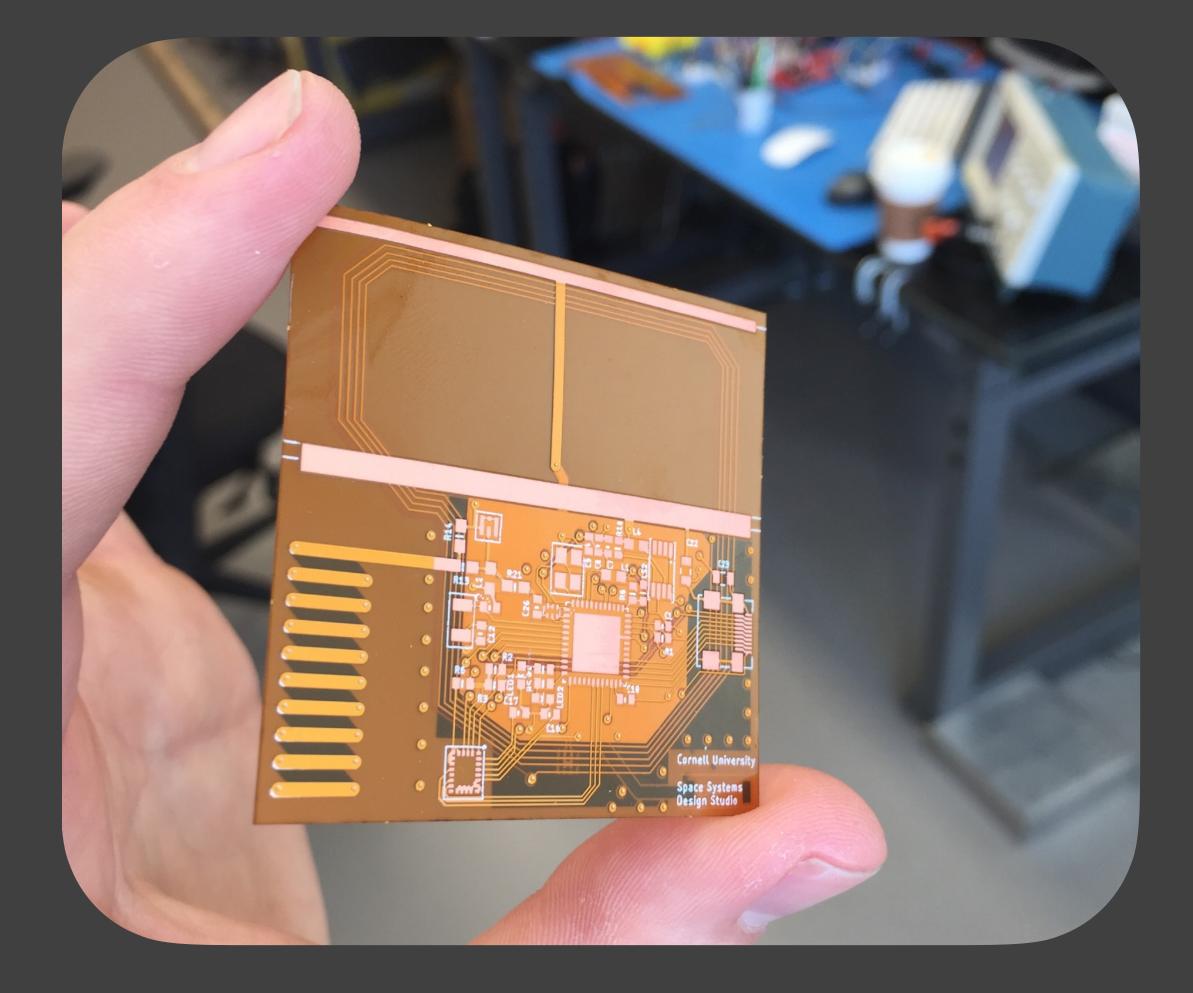
accelerometer, magnetometer, gyroscope, and thermometer

ambient light sensor



ambient light sensor

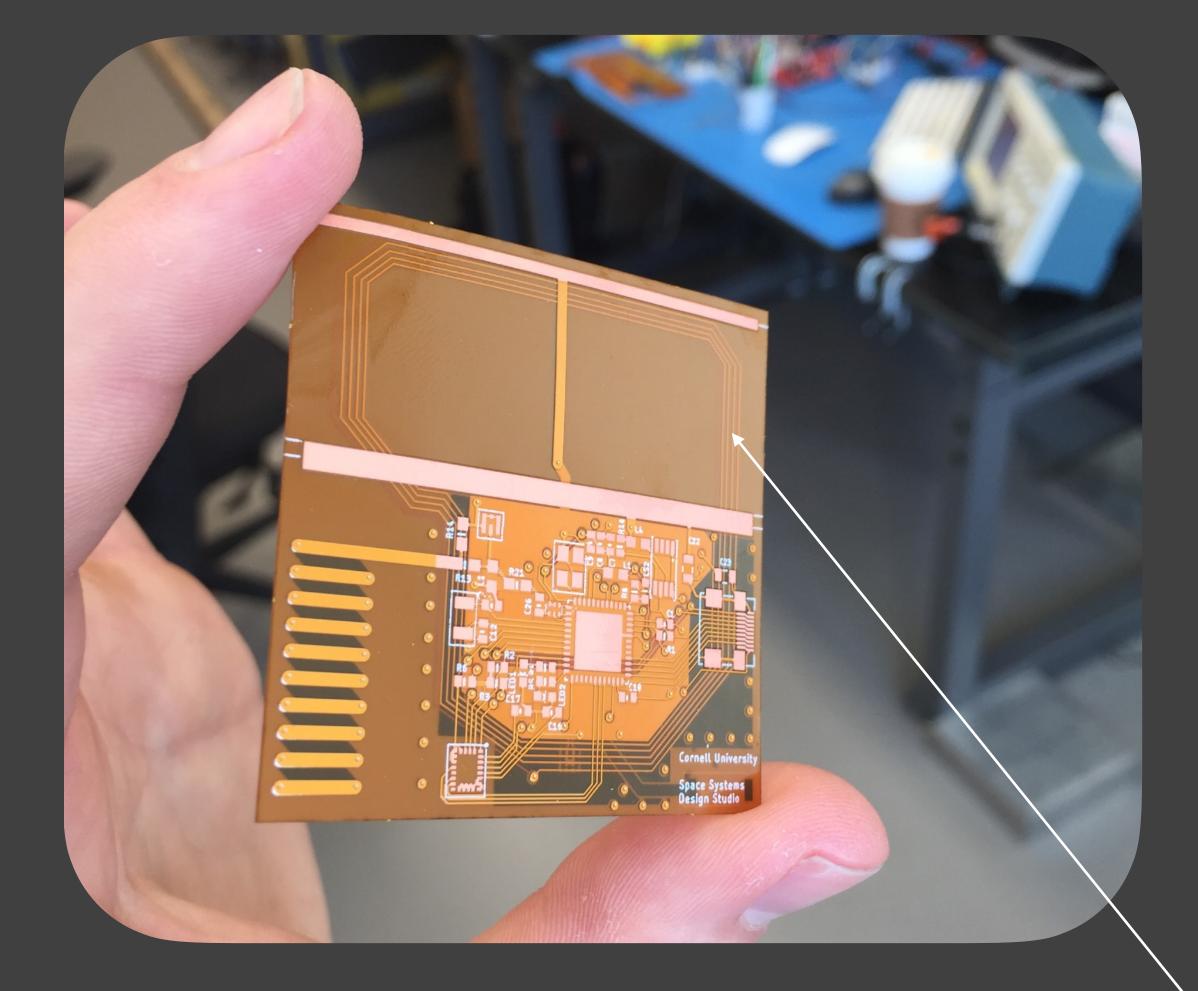




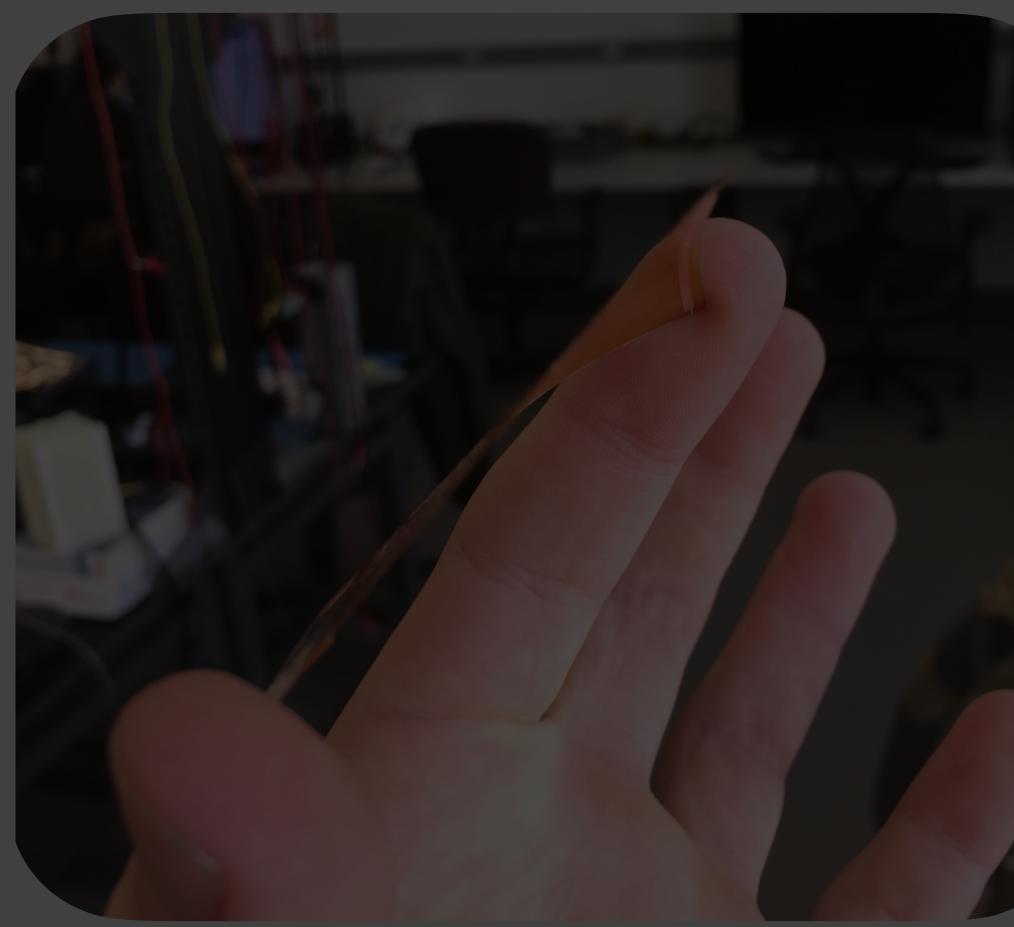
lightweight, flexible Kapton substrate







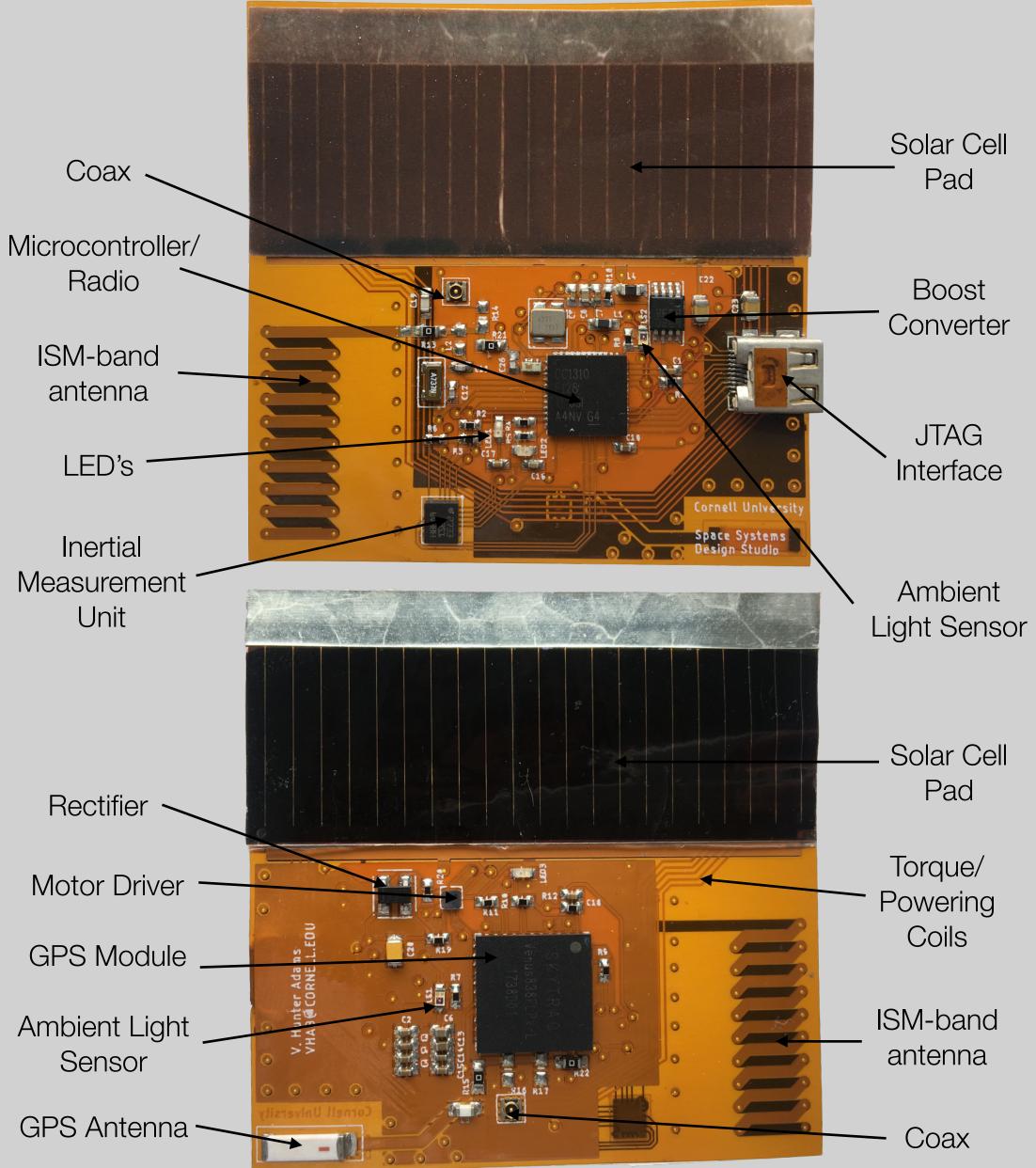
better view of torque/inductive powering coils

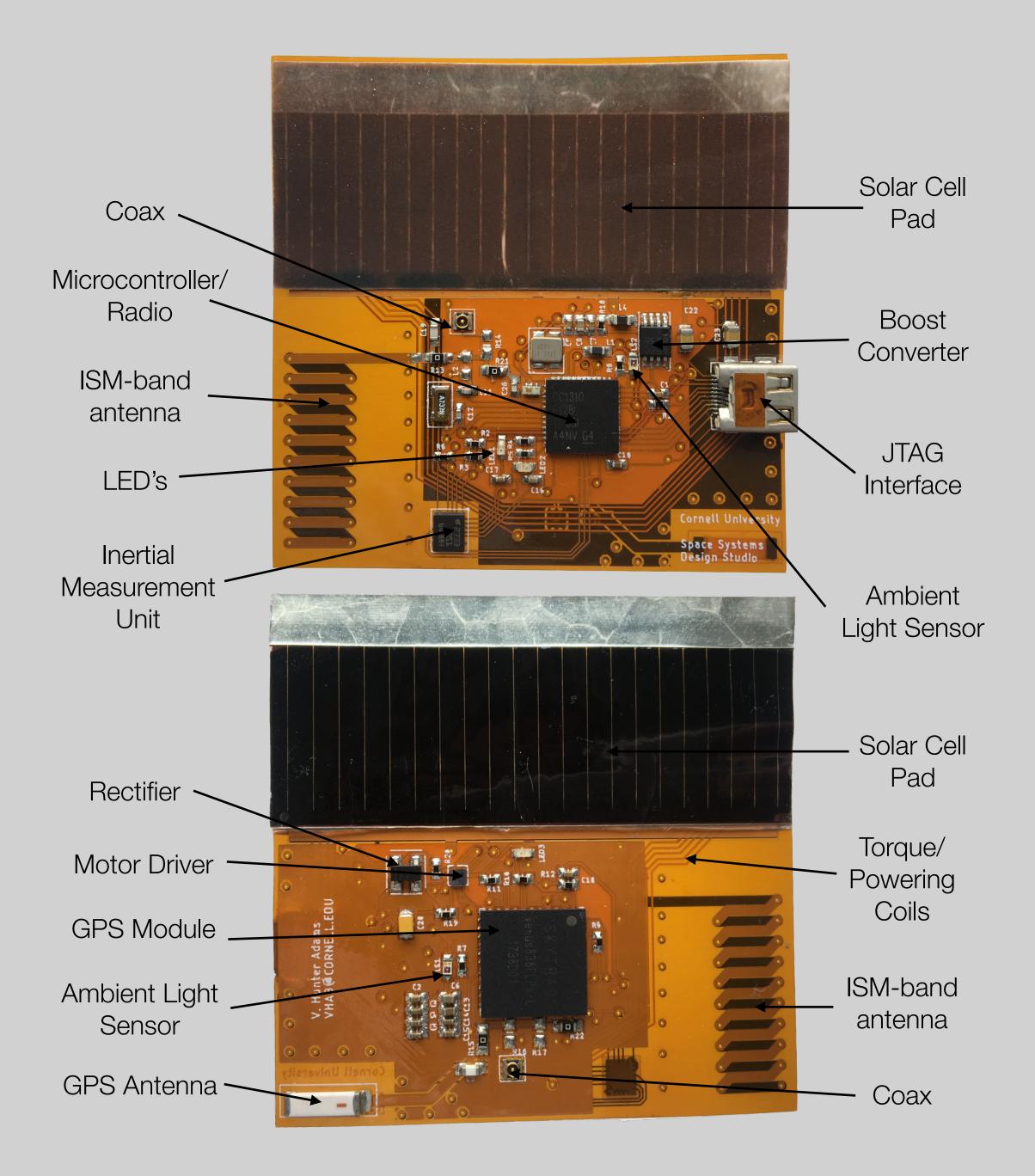




Hardware:

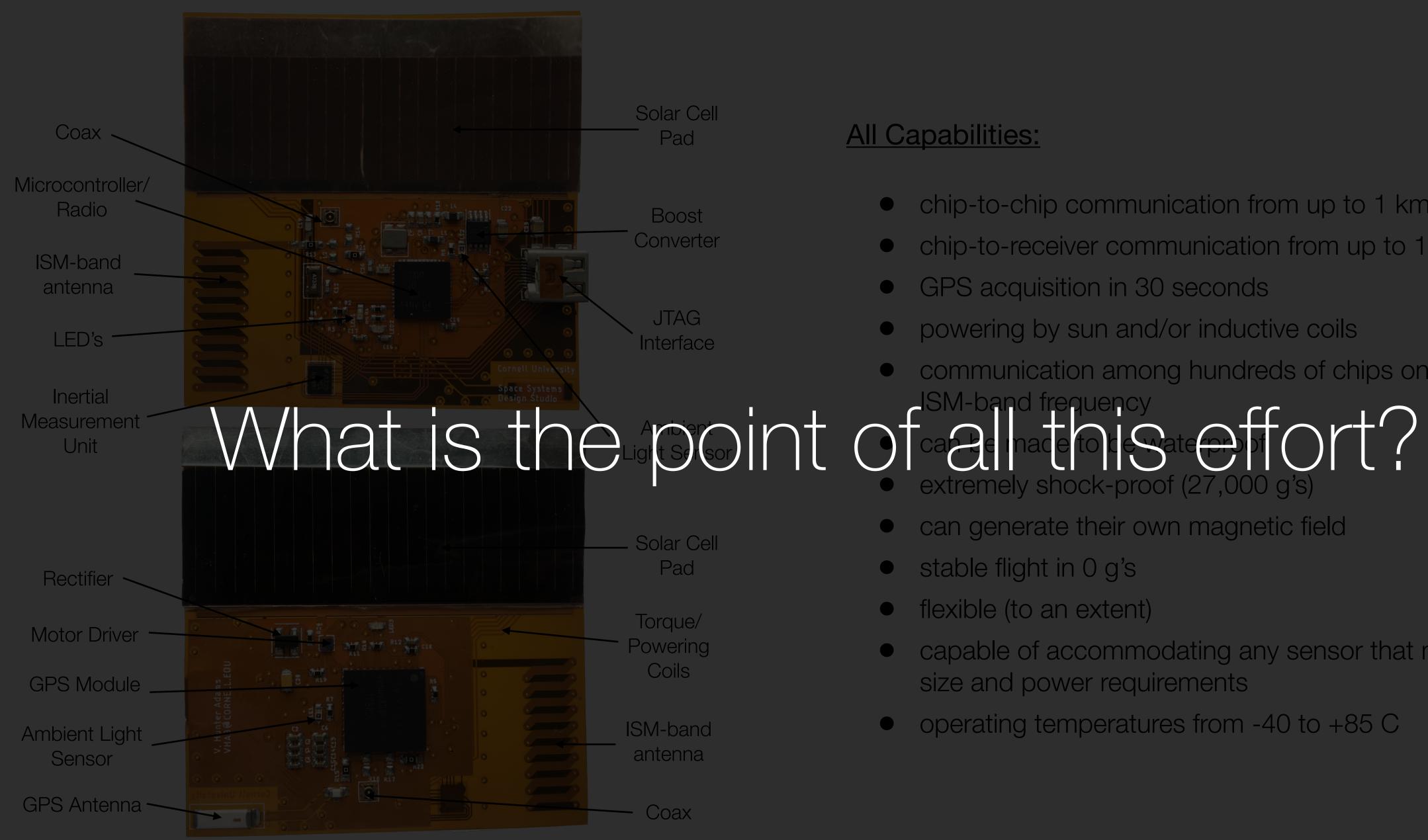
- two Alta-devices solar cells (300 mW each)
- CC1310 ARM processor running RTOS
- 25 mW radio chip
- accelerometer, magnetometer, and gyroscope
- embedded ISM-band antenna (915 MHz)
- GPS
- onboard GPS chip antenna
- JTAG interface via HDMI micro
- two ambient light sensors
- embedded torque coils for attitude manipulation
- motor driver for torque coil control
- embedded inductive powering coils
- LED's for user feedback





Capabilities:

- chip-to-chip communication from up to 1 km line of sight
- chip-to-receiver communication from >1000 km
- GPS acquisition in 30 seconds
- powering by sun and/or inductive coils
- communication among hundreds of chips on a single ISM-band frequency
- can be made to be waterproof
- extremely shock-proof (27,000 g's)
- can generate their own magnetic field
- stable flight in 0 g's
- flexible (to an extent)
- capable of accommodating any sensor that meets size and power requirements
- operating temperatures from -40 to +85 C



All Capabilities:

- chip-to-chip communication from up to 1 km line of sight
- chip-to-receiver communication from up to 1000 km
- GPS acquisition in 30 seconds
- powering by sun and/or inductive coils
- communication among hundreds of chips on a single

- can generate their own magnetic field
- stable flight in 0 g's
- flexible (to an extent)
- capable of accommodating any sensor that meets size and power requirements
- operating temperatures from -40 to +85 C

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

1. They can be manufactured cheaply and in bulk.

- 2.
- 3.

- 1. They can be manufactured cheaply and in bulk.
- 2. They can be launched and deployed in bulk.
- 3.

- 1. They can be manufactured cheaply and in bulk.
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- 3. Their size affects their orbital perturbations and impact mechanics.

- 1. They can be manufactured cheaply and in bulk.
- 2. They can be launched and deployed in bulk.
- 3. Their size affects their orbital perturbations and impact mechanics.

Femtosatellites are not small versions of large spacecraft. They have a different set of use cases.

Duration of the presentation:

- 1. Short-term mission possibilities
- 2. Intermediate-term mission possibilities
- 3. Long-term speculation

Ground Stations, Aggregating Data

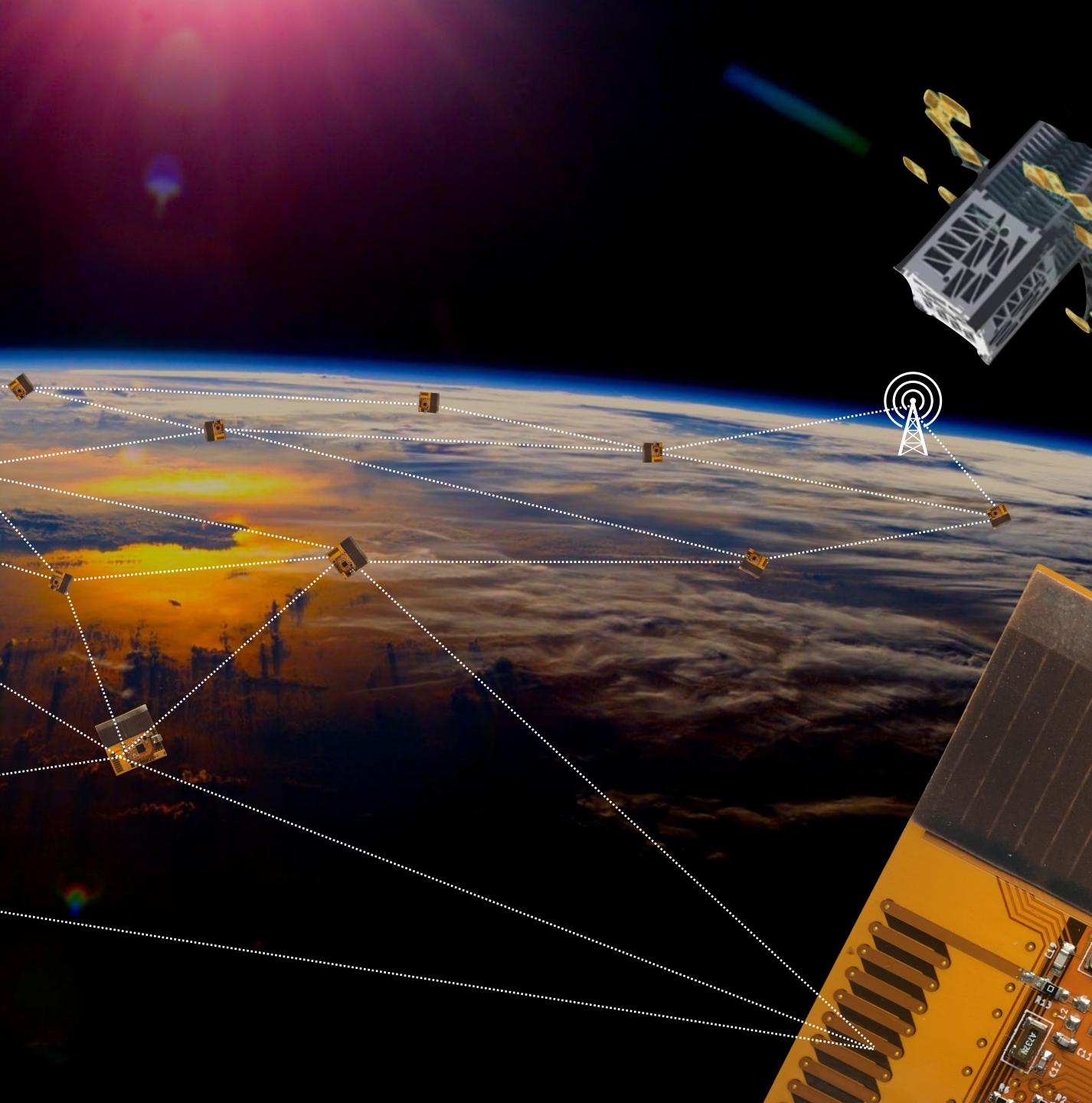




Ground Stations, Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands

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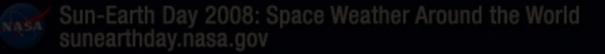
Sensor/Radio-Equipped Monarch Node



Ground Stations, Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands

Technical requirements:

Routing policy over the collection of Monarchs Information exchange among the Monarchs



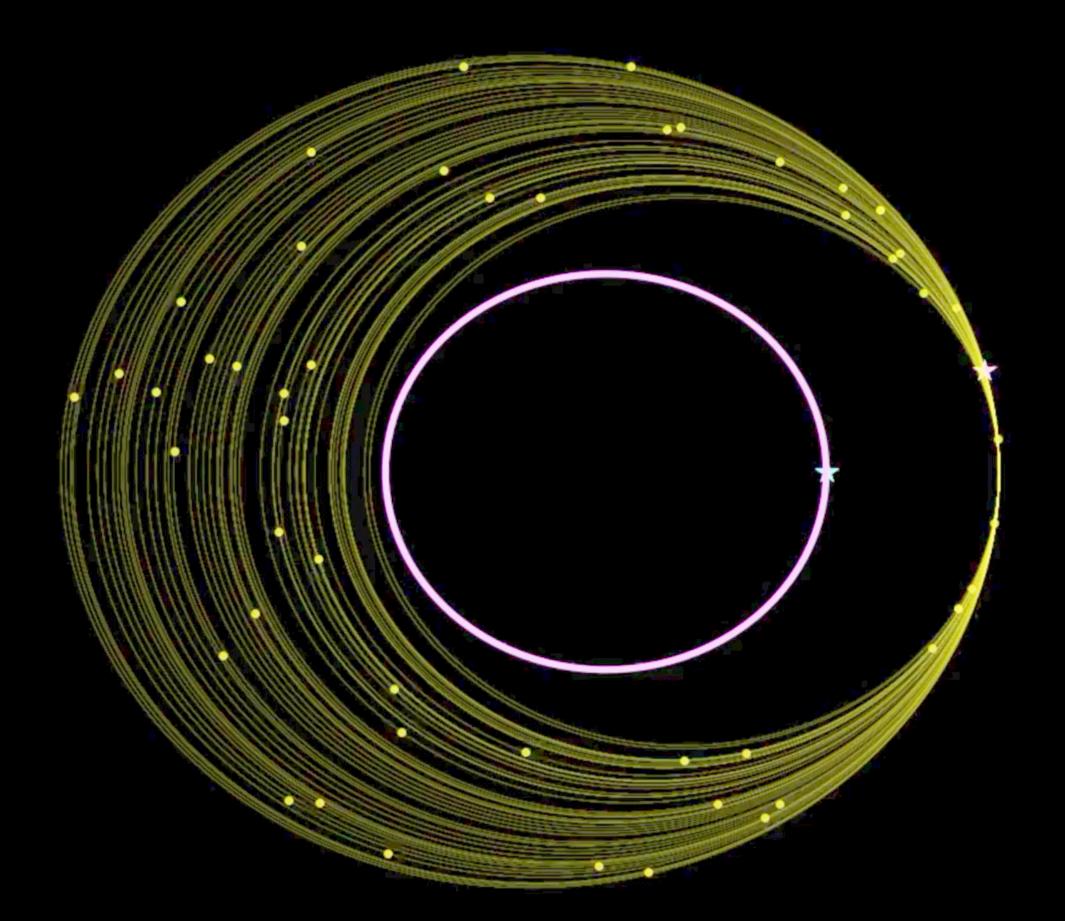
Sensor/Rad;

Juipped

'Ye

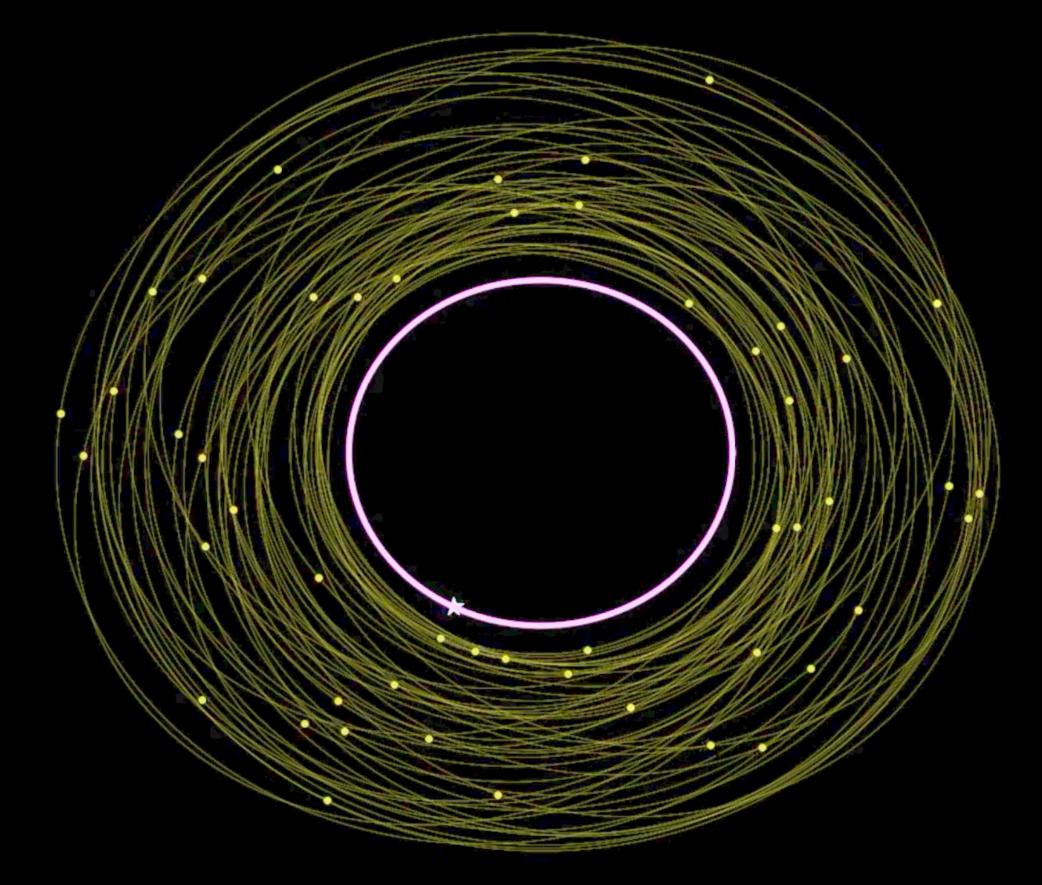


Simulation of proposed routing policy



routing over nested swarm

Adams, Van H., and Mason A. Peck. "A Probabilistic Network Formulation for Satellite Swarm Communications." 2018 AIAA Information Systems-AIAA Infotech@ Aerospace. 2018. 1802.



routing over stochastic swarm

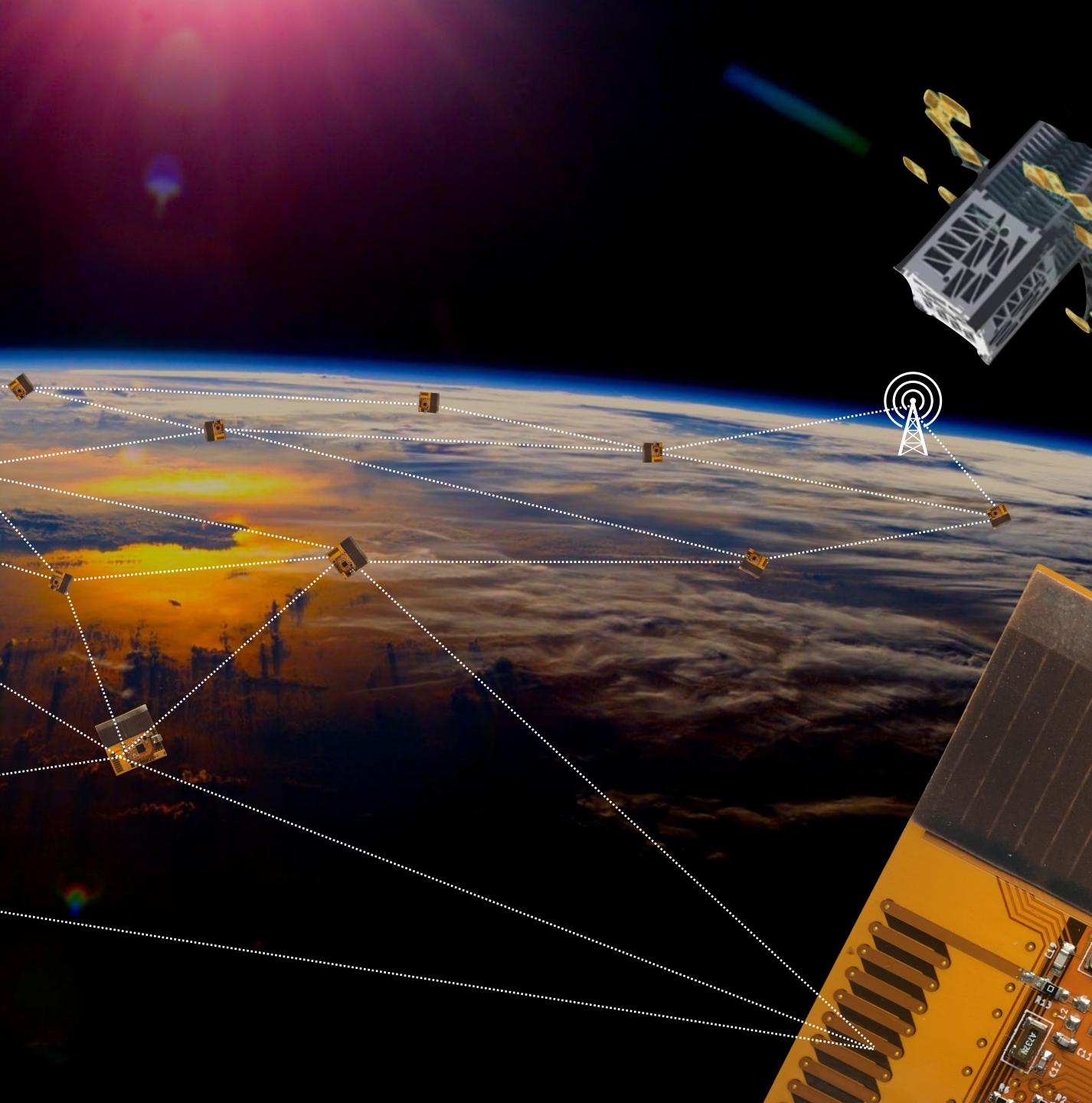
Demonstration of information exchange



Ground Stations, Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands

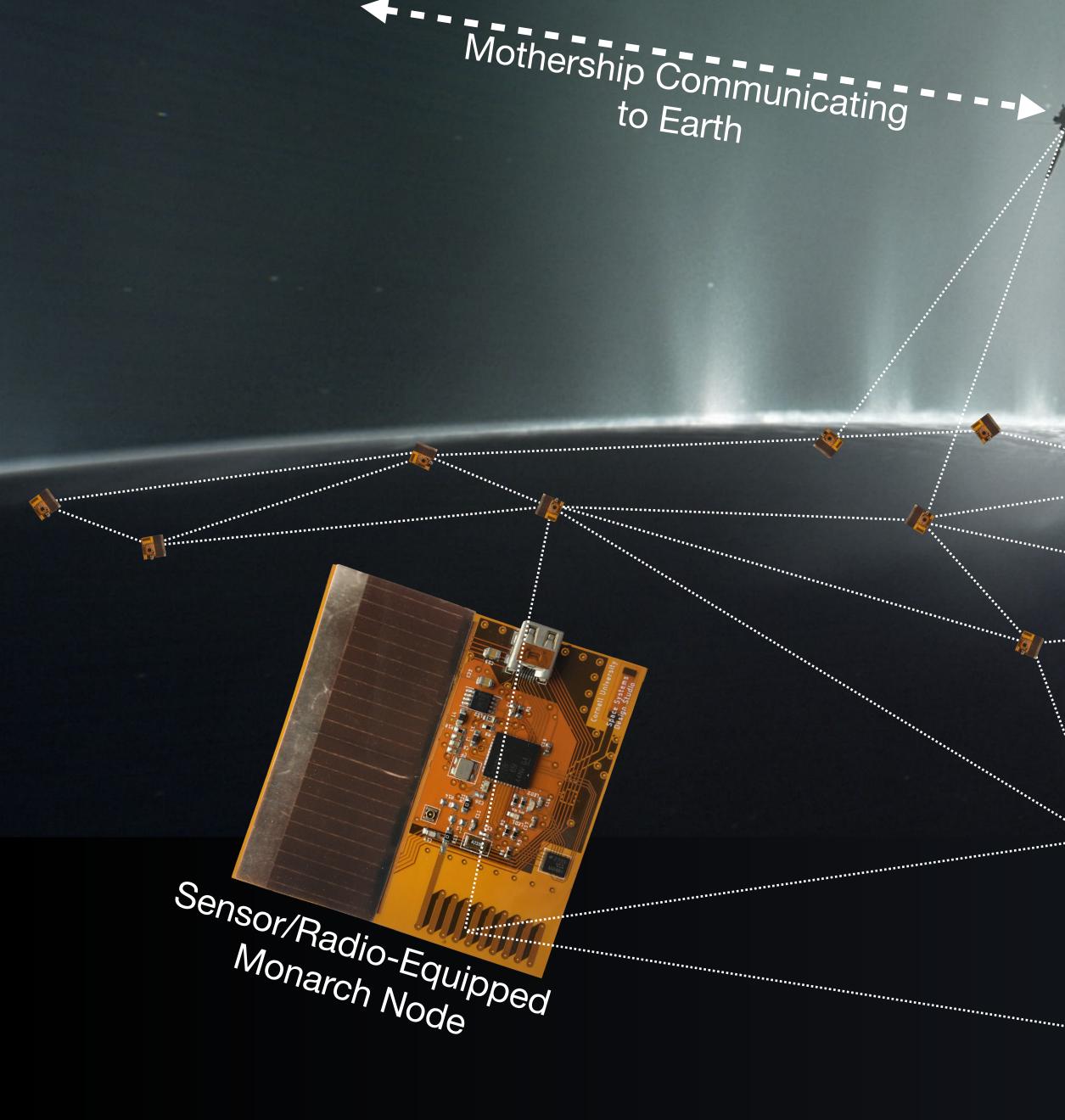
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Sensor/Radio-Equipped Monarch Node



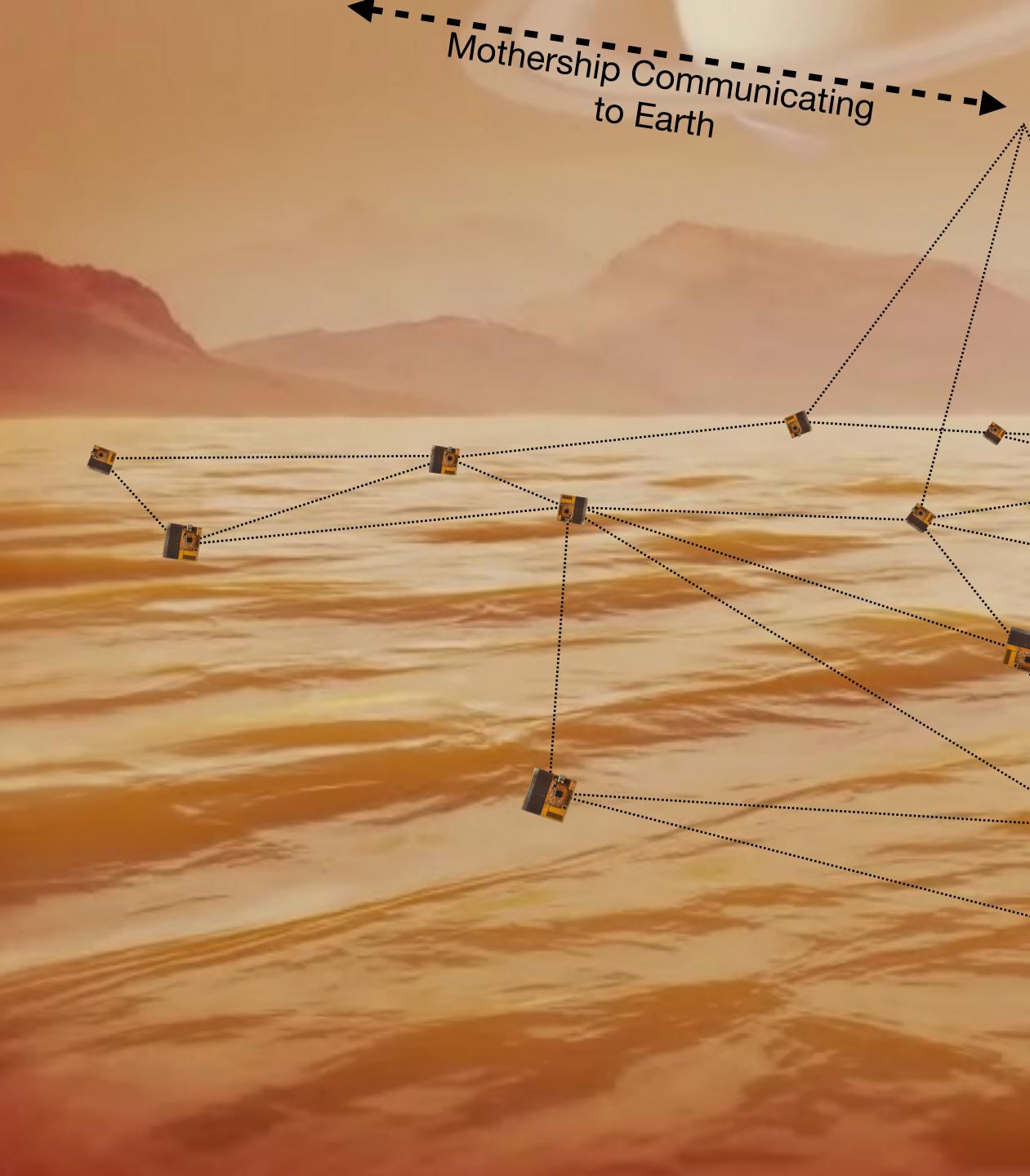






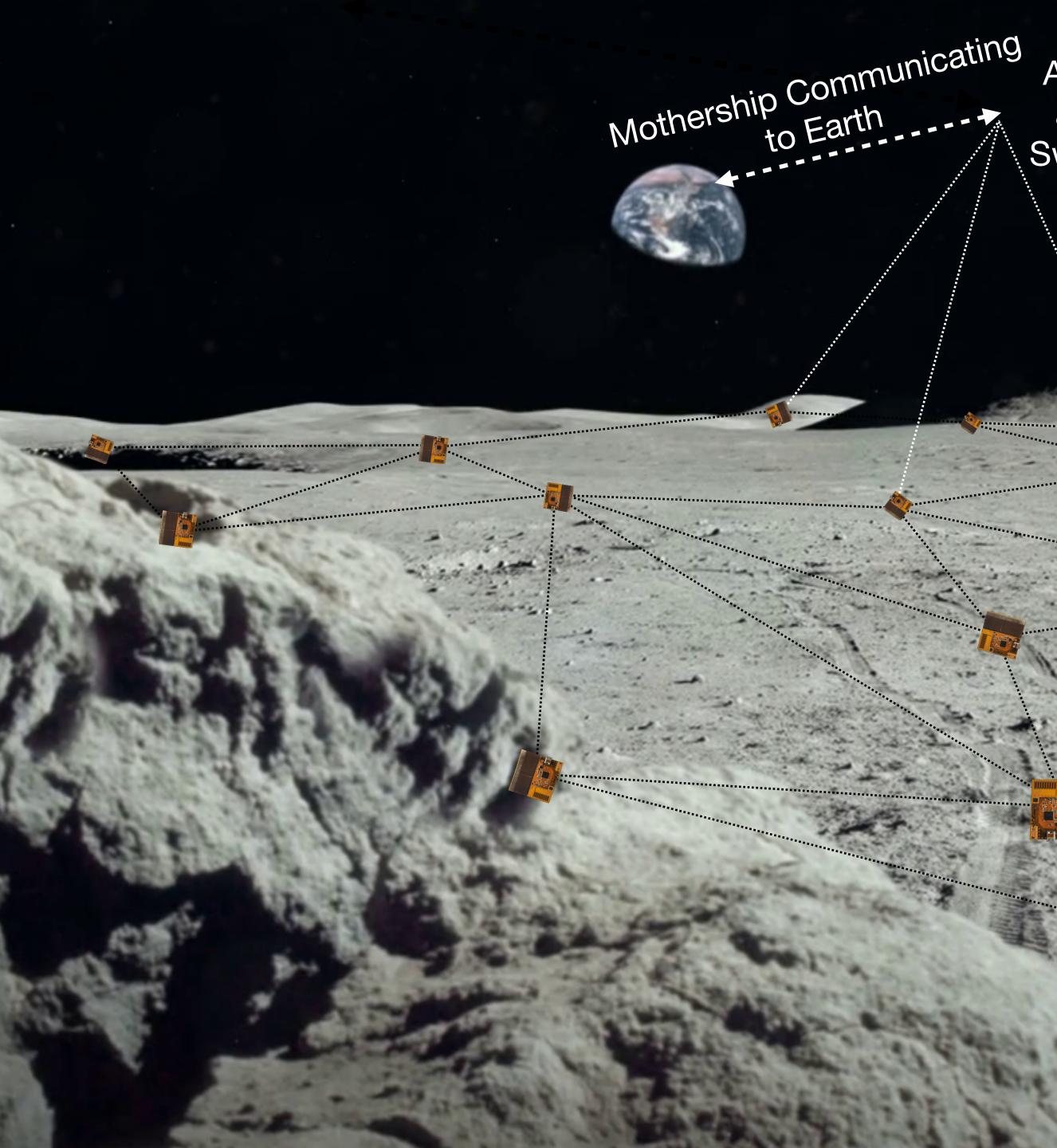
Mothership Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands





Mothership Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands





Mothership Aggregating Data and Distributing Swarm Commands

Sensor/Radio-Equipped Monarch Node



Would the spacecraft survive impact?

Mothership Communicating Mothership Communicating to Earth to Earth Swarm Commands

> Sensor/Radio-Equipped Monarch Node



Lunar Impact Survivability Testing



lunar regolith simulant

5000 - 27,000 g's normal to the board surface



Lunar Impact Survivability Testing

All boards and sensors survived unscathed.

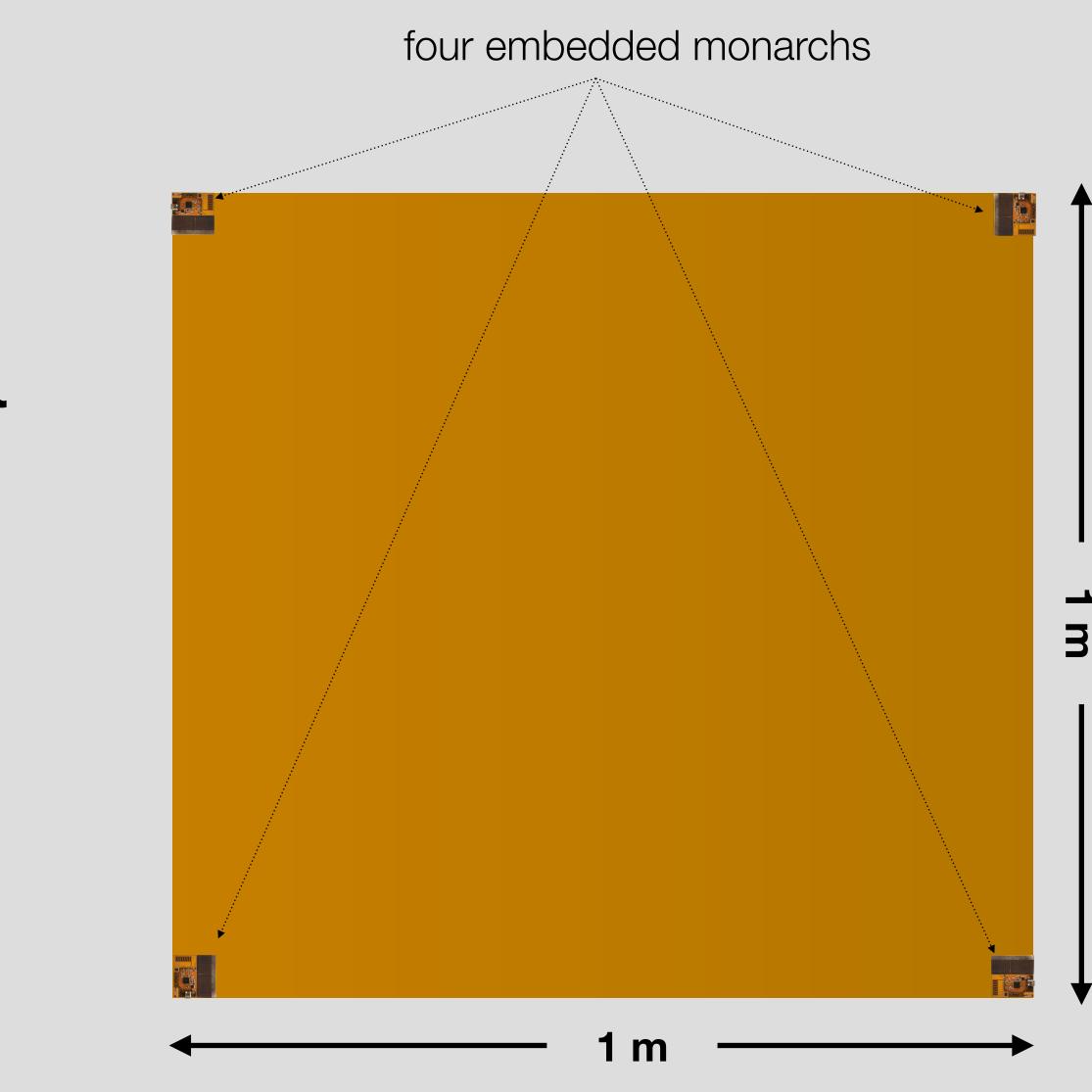
lunar regolith simulant

5000 - 27,000 g's normal to the board surface





Rather than attach a sail to a spacecraft, we can create a sail that is a spacecraft.



~10-15 g

Or a sail that is composed of 400 spacecraft, with 400 sensor suites.

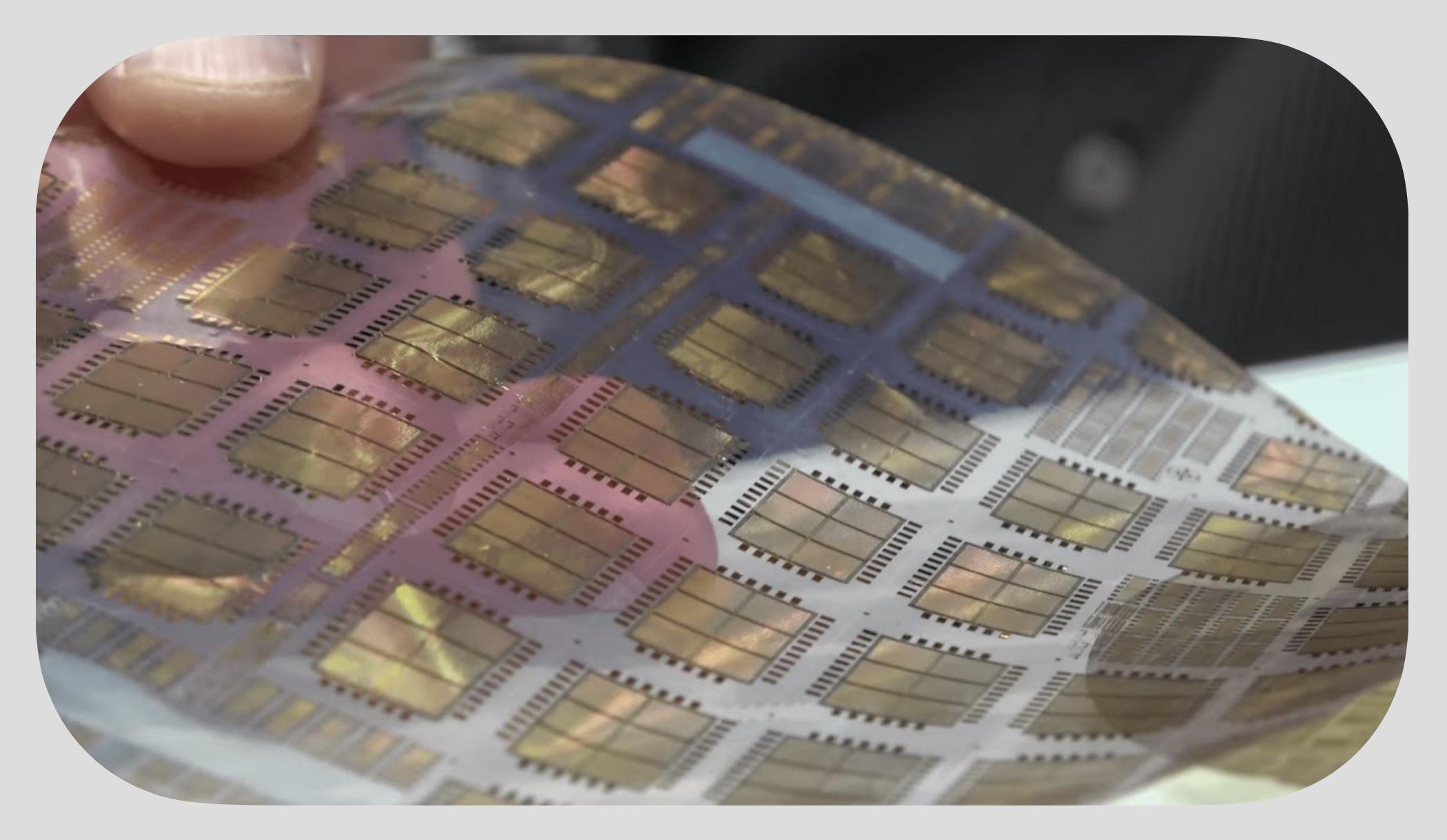
400 embedded monarchs

~1 kg

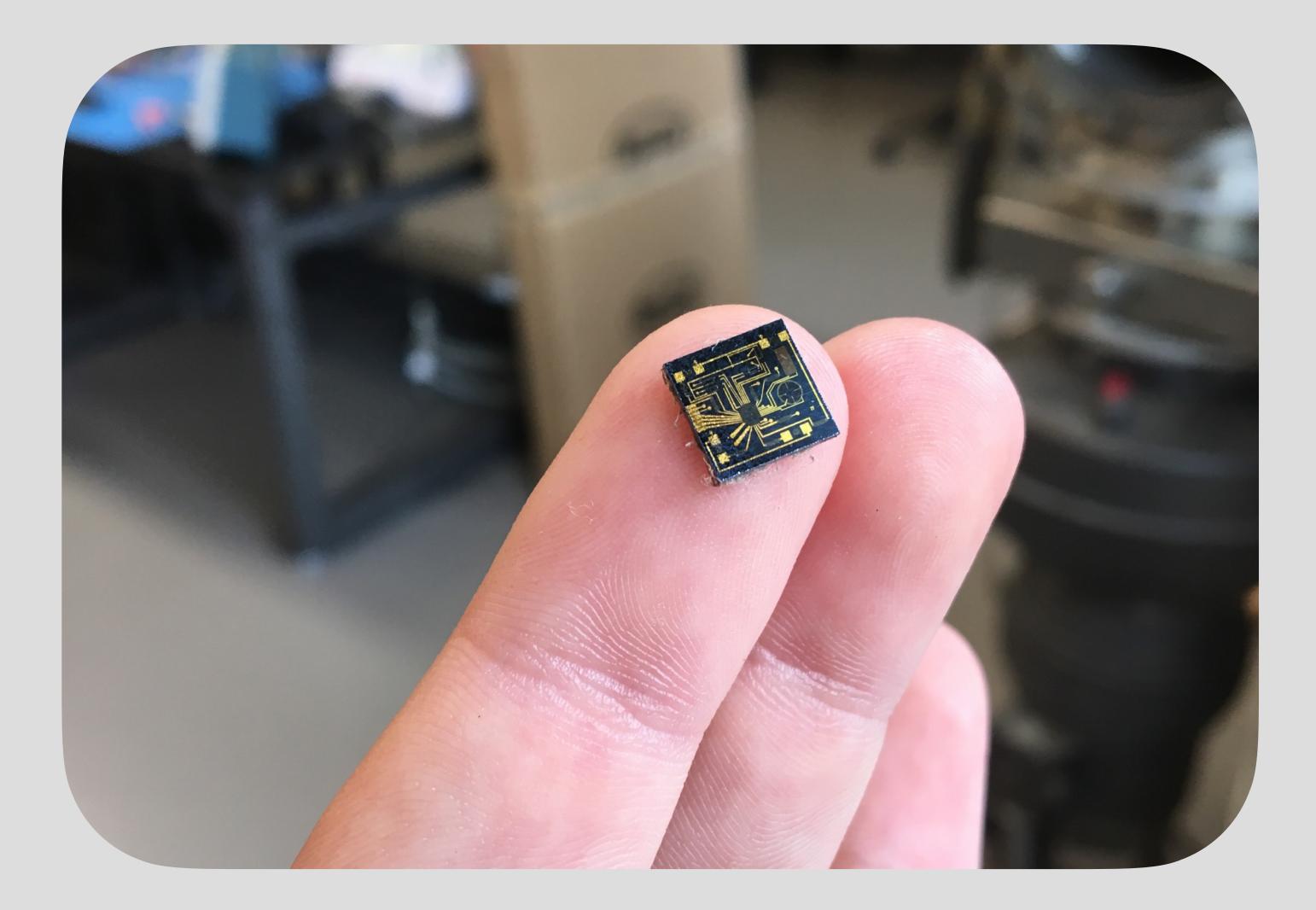
1 m



Long-term speculation . .

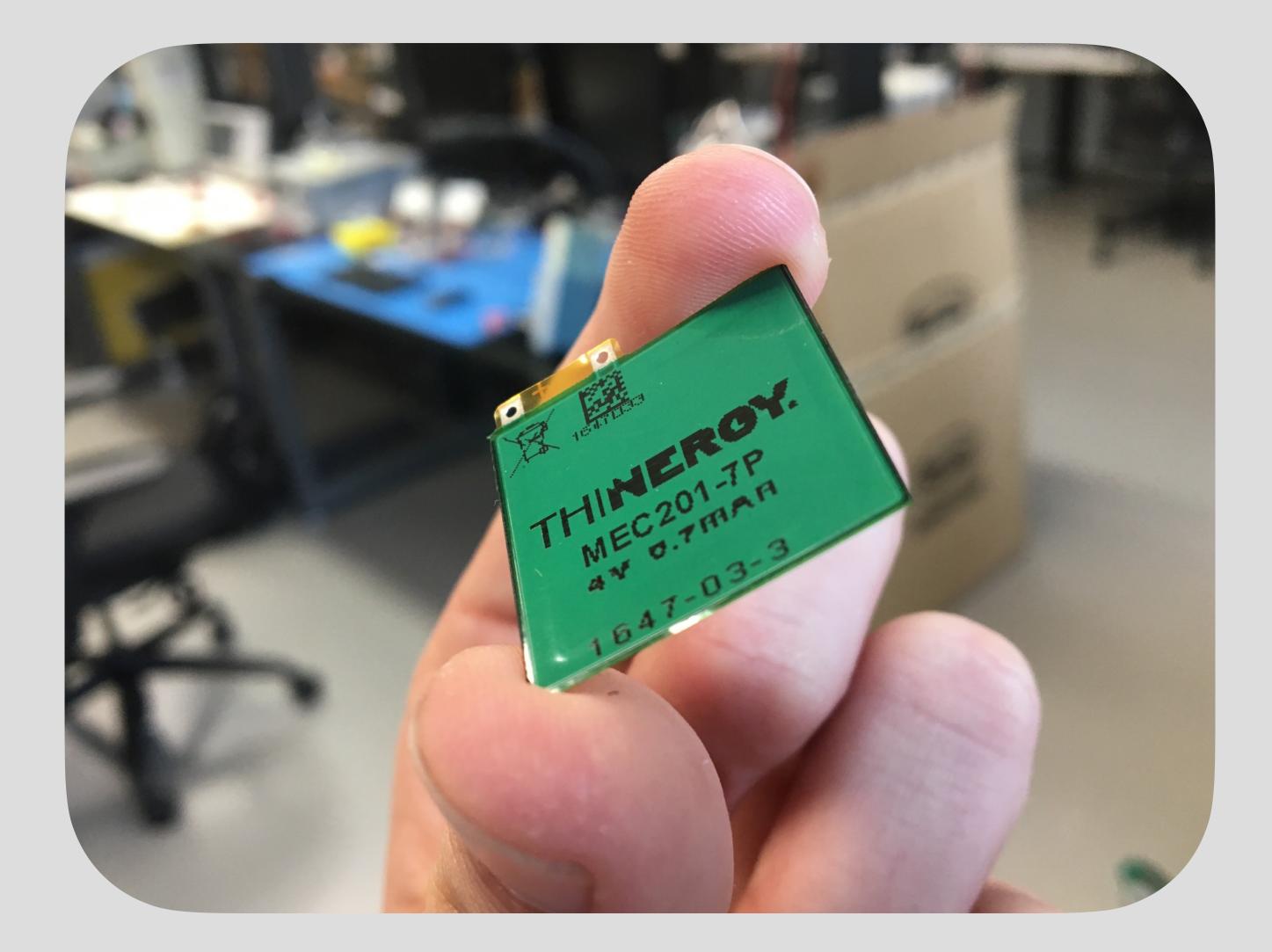


PragmatIC thin-film ARM processors

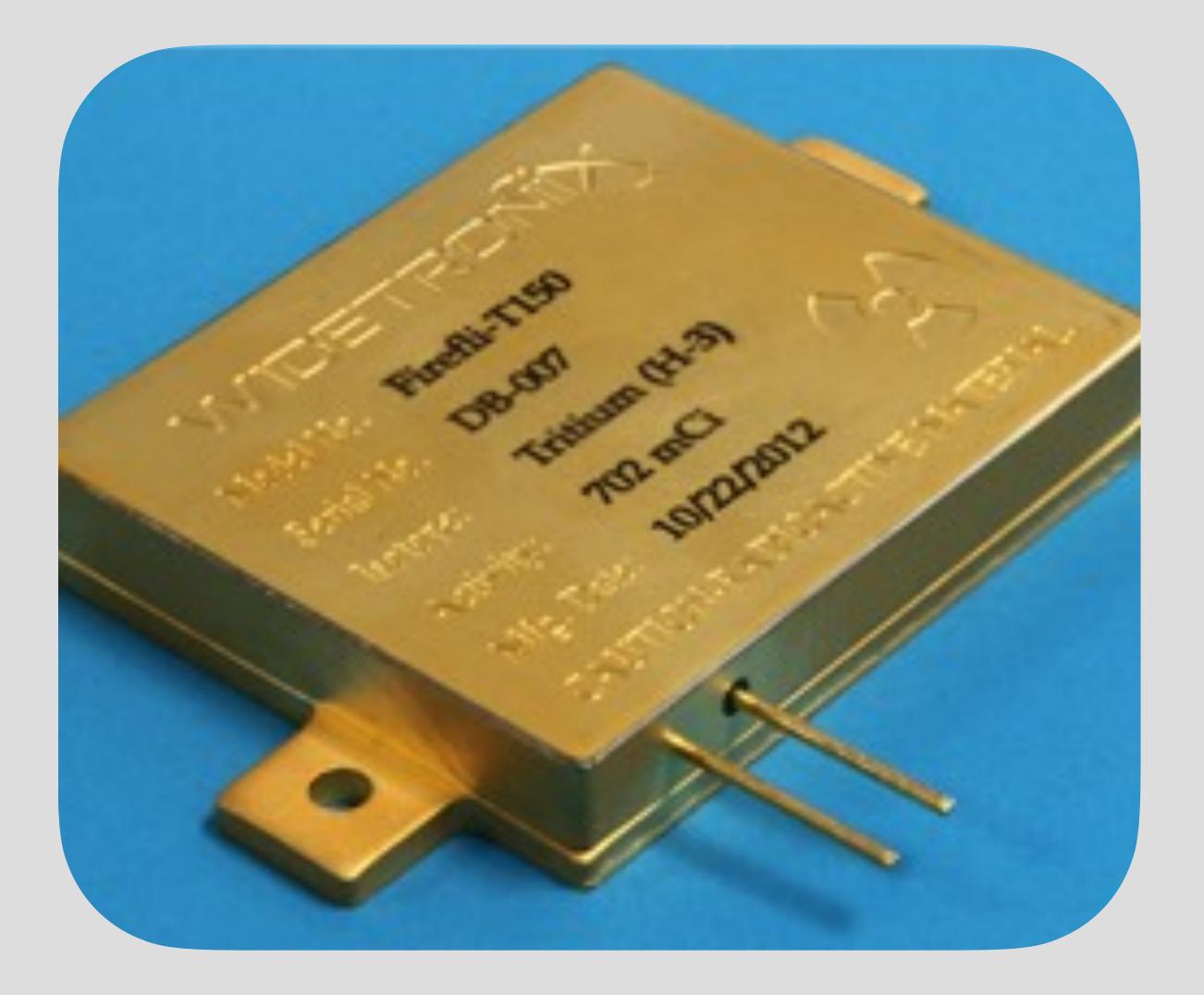




Starchip mockup



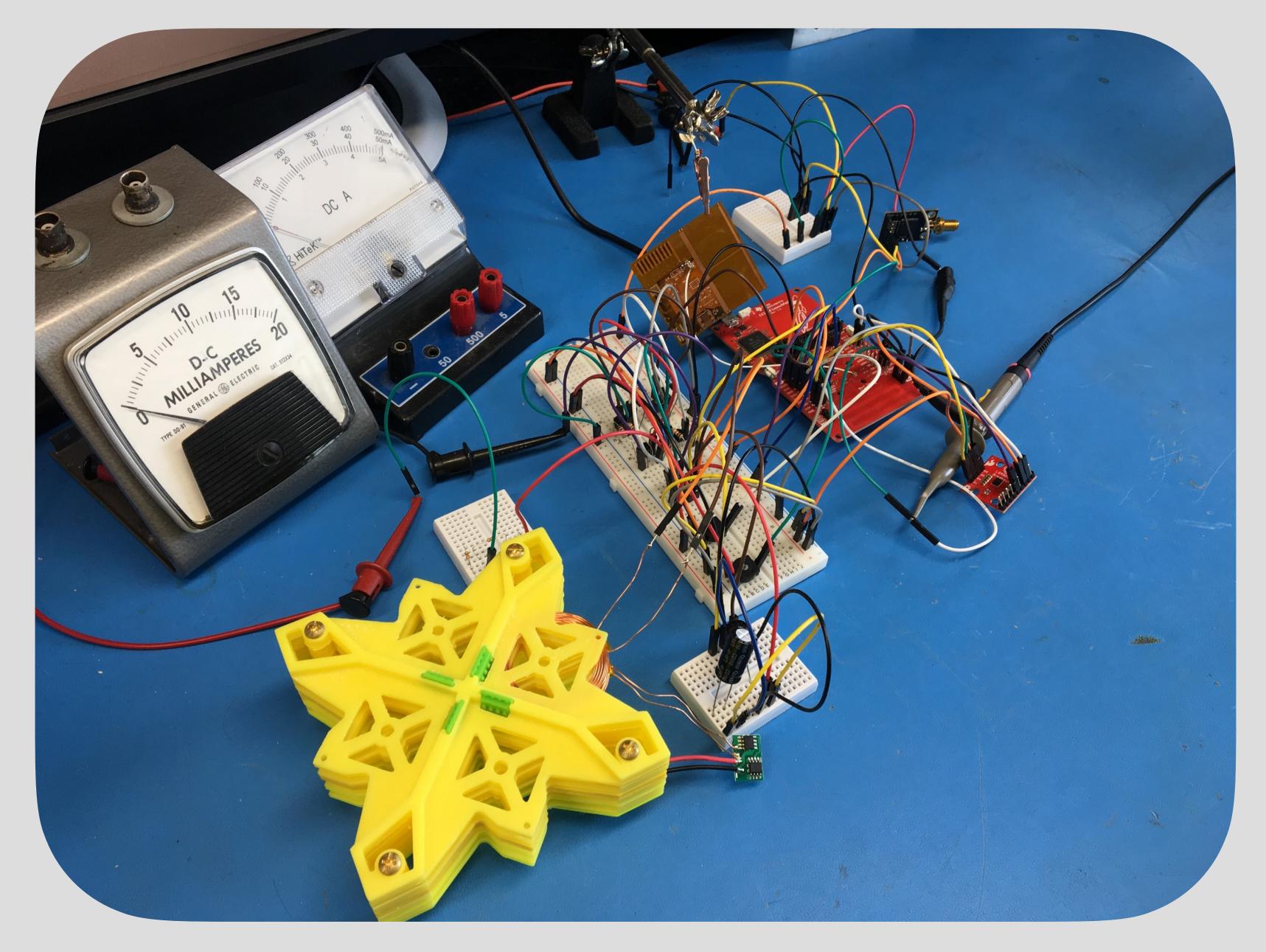
Thinergy solid-state battery



Widetronix beta voltaic nuclear battery



Emergent pattern in a murmuration of starlings



My lab bench